State Library

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MAY 23, 1889.

NEWS AND COMMENT.

ALLEN THORNDIKE RICE, the new American Minister to Russia, died last Sunday.

MR. DAVE VANCE, son of Senator VANCE, is now pushing the Faber on the Asheville Citizen.

AND now a Photographers Trust is in process of formation. Now Brother Winburn, don't.

ENGLAND is displeased with the recommendation of the sub-committee on the Samoan Conference. But who cares.

VANDERBILT has recently made another large investment near Asheville. He now *has nearly* $200,000 invested in Western North Carolina.

"ADVICES from Oklahoma state that the dust is simply terrible." Because, we suppose, so many disappointed boomers had to git up and "dust."

NORTH CAROLINA has fared rather roughly at Mr. HARRISON'S hands, there not being a single foreign minister chosen from the State. What meaneth this, Logan?

ANOTHER pitable story of a woman's love, shame and death, supplemented by crime, comes from Wheeling, West Virginia and Chicago, Ill. Whither are we drifting?

WHAT next? It is suggested that the HARRISON family adopted a coat-of-arms consisting of a public office prostrate beneath an hereditary President rampart, with the legend: "You are all right while I am President."

ALAS for poor DOCKERY! The defunct Republican candidate for Governor has given up all hopes for "catching even a crumb that falls from the master's table," and is out in an open letter to the negroes advising them to leave North Carolina.

THERE will be no special term of Wake County Superior Court, to try J. J. BOYLE, for his assault upon Miss WHITAKER. This disposes of the matter until September. In the meantime BOYLE should be given the darkest cell within the prison walls of Wake County jail.

COL. ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD discusses the question, "can an editor be a christian?" in last weeks Frank Leslie's. The topic is worthy the consideration from such a source, and the World thinks Col. SHEPARD'S editorial career, however, has already answered his question in the affirmative. And JOHN WANNAMAKER has further proved that a Postmaster-General can be a good Sunday-school leader.

IT will be remembered that on the eve of the last election, Republican chairman QUAY sent Col. SHAFFER, of Raleigh, a telegram, stating that he had $40,000, which he was prepared to use in paying for the discovery of election frauds, &c., in North Carolina. Never was there a more senseless bit of braggadocio, for such it was. He has not, so far as can be learned, spent a dollar or discovered any attempts to bulldoze voters only such as were the work of his own party.

THIS is Rev. Dr. TALMAGE'S latest comedy on the much abused subject of Jonah and the Whale: "And as to Jonah remaining alive in the monster's belly for three days—why, the fact is, the gastric juice had no chance, JONAH kept bobbin' aroun' so. And what more natural than that the monster should after this regurgitate Jonah on shore? The sea monster was as tired of Jonah as he was of the fish. There's not the least bit of improbability or impracticability about it."

SAM JONES is holding a big meeting at Danville, Va. The Tabernacle is packed day and night. Last Friday he preached a doctrinal sermon from the text: "If any man will do His will he shall know of the doctrine." He declared boldly he didn't care what a man believed or what he didn't believe, if he would do as God said he would be saved. He would take a man into the Church upon a promise to do before he got religion as he thought he would do after he got religion. To this doctrine many of the preachers present shook their heads.

Hon. Thomas Ruffin, of Hillsboro, lies very low at his home at that place, and is not expected long to survive. This news conveys the information of an impending calamity to the State. North Carolina has cherished no son in whom she could reasonably indulge greater pride, than in Thomas Ruffin, of Orange. He is a lawyer of the very first ability, a man of the highest integrity, a christian of the most exemplary character, a citizen of the highest merit, and a neighbor of the kindliest impulses and most generous friendship.—*Wilmington Messenger.*

THIS is indeed sad news to this writer, and is likewise sad to every one whose heart swells with pride and admiration for a faithful son of the Old North State. As a jurist, he is the peer of any man of our acquaintance in North Carolina, and hardly a greater calamity could befall the State than the demise of this Christian gentleman, cherished citizen, patriot and Statesman. May God, in his infinite wisdom and mercy, see fit to prolong his earthly career, is the devoute wish of his large circle of friends and admirers.

TRUTH PREVAILING—NORTH CAROLINA VINDICATED.

Wilmington Star.]

We propose to collate, through the labors of Capt. W. R. Bond, some facts and evidences to show what was done by North Carolina in the war between the States. It is useless to look to editors and authors beyond North Carolina in the South to do justice to the soldiers North Carolina sent to the Confederate armies.

We must first make a correction which is very important, as the Star aims solely to obtain the precise facts and to thus vindicate the truth of history. The list of twenty-five regiments was *incorrect* in this—the heading was wrong. It ought to have read: "The following are the twenty-five regiments which had the most men killed and wounded in any one battle." Two North Carolina regiments head the list of twenty-five, but as the Alabama 6th had more killed and *mortally* wounded than either of them, it heads the list of ten Confederate States.

This is the "Bloody Ten." It will be seen there were seven Confederate and three Federal regiments. It is remarkable surely, in a four years war and with nearly 2,700 regiments composing both armies, that only ten should have suffered to the extent of one hundred deaths—for the mortally wonnded died of course, North Carolina had three of these.

Capt. Bond says: "Leaving out several Federal heavy artillery regiments which fought as infantry, and were larger than ordinary brigades and one Federal infantry regiment of eleven companies, the following ten infantry regiments were the only ones which ever had in one battle as many as *one hundred* killed and *mortally* wounded:

6th Alabama, Seven Pines	136
26th North Carolina, Gettysburg	129
1st South Carolina Rifles, Gaines' Mill	120
4th North Carolina, Seven Pines	115
44th Georgia, Mechaniesville	106
14th Alabama, Seven Days	105
20th North Carolina, Gaines' Mill	105
9th Illinois, Shiloh	103
18th U. S., Stone River	102
11th Illinois, Fort Donaldson	102

We are now able to give a corrected list made by Capt. Bond. There are 24 Confederate regiments whose per centage of casualties was greatest. It is a very valuable list, and the future historian will have cause to thank Capt. Bond for his painstaking, needed and patriotic work. The list must interest all North Carolinians and all students of history "to whom acurate statistics are something more than an array of dry figures" (Bond):

TWENTY FOUR CONFEDERATE REGIMENTS.

The greatest casualties in the nearly 700 Confederate regiments were as follows:

Name of Reg't and Battle.	Present for duty.	Killed & Wound.	Per Centage.
1 Texas—Sharpsburg	226	186	82.3
21 Ga.—2nd Manassas	242	184	76
26 N. C.—Gettysburg	820	588	71.7
6 Miss.—Shiloh	425	300	70.5
8 Tenn.—Murfreesboro	444	306	68.2
10 Tenn—Chickamauga	328	224	68
Palmetto Sharpshooters, Frazer's Farm	375	254	67.7
17 S. C.—2nd Manassas	284	189	66.9
23 S. C.—2nd Manassas	225	149	66.2
44 Ga.—Mechanicsville	514	335	65.1
2 N. C. Battl—Gettysburg	240	153	63.7
16 Miss.—Sharpsburg	228	144	63.1
27 N. C.—Sharpsburg	325	199	61.2
6 Ala.—Seven Pines	368	224	58.2
15 Va.—Sharpsburg	128	75	58.5
18 Ga.—Sharpsburg	176	85	57.3
1 S. C. Rifles—Gaines' Mill	537	306	56.9
3 Ala.—Malvern Hill	354	200	56.5
18 N. C.—Seven Days	396	224	56.5
12 Tenn.—Murfreesboro	292	164	56.4
7 N. C.—Seven Days	450	253	56.2
16 Tenn.—Murfreesboro	377	207	55
4 N. C.—Seven Pines	678	369	54.4
12 S. C.—2nd Manassas	270	146	54

It will be seen that North Carolina had six or one-fourth of the whole. These *six* N. C. regiments carried into battle 2,677 men, and had killed and wounded 1,786. South Carolina had *five*, which carried in 1,691 men, and their loss was 1,038: Tennessee had *four* which numbered 1,441, and their loss was 901. Georgia had *three*, and they numbered 922, and their loss was 604. Alabama had *two*, and they carried in 986 men and lost 568, Mississippi had *two*, that numbered 653, and the loss was 444. Texas had *one*, numbering 226, and lost 186. Virginia had *one*, which had 128 in battle and lost 75.

It is noticeable how that South Carolina came next to North Carolina, and yet the soldiers of that State had the worst name in the Southern armies of any other State. We do not pretend to understand that.

On the other hand Virginia came in for but little loss as compared, with North Carolina, while Georgia, of whose soldiers so much was said, hardly lost one-third as much as North Carolina in the above table. This table is that of Col. Fox corrected and extended by Capt. Bond who has studied the official record.

We give some notes that cannot fail to interest. In the

SECOND BATTLE OF MANASSAS

the Georgians and South Carolinians were in main force. D. H. Hill's North Carolina Division was absent But how was the casualty list. Capt. Bond gives it:

All other brigades, not including North Carolina and Virginia, loss averaged—killed and wounded 305.

North Carolina brigades *alone* averaged 260.

Virginia brigades averaged 168.

Kemper, Garnett and Armistead (Va.) averaged 163.

SHARPSBURG

Omitting North Carolina and Virginia—23 other brigades averaged killed and wounded 284.

7 North Carolina brigades averaged killed and wounded 355.

8 Virginia brigades averaged killed and wounded 158.

Kemper, Garnett and Armistead averaged killed and wounded 126.

FREDERICKSBURG.

Omitting North Carolina and Virginia—21 other brigades averaged killed and wounded, 100 and fraction.

7 N. C. brigades averaged killed and wounded 260.

7 Va. brigades averaged killed and wounded 50 and fraction.

Kemper—none killed, 38 wounded. Armstead and Garnett in reserve.

GETTYSBURG.

7⅓ N. C. brigades averaged killed and wounded, 56.

8½ Virginia brigades averaged 264.

Kemper, Garnett and Armistead averaged 454.

Capt. Bond says: "The entire loss in killed and wounded for the "Tenth Legion"—Kemper, Garnett and Armistead—for the great battles of second Manassas, Sharpsburg, Fredericksburg and Gettysburg, was 2,271.

"Pettigrew's, Daniel's and Iverson's N. C. brigades for the *one battle* of Gettysburg was 2,338.

"Anderson's Georgia, Hood's Texas, and Evan's South Carolina for second Manassas had killed and wounded 2,156."

Study these figures and you will learn more and more what soldiers did the fighting and what State deserves to wear the bell. Gen. Hood was right, as well as fair and magnanimous, when he said in his Raleigh speech that North Carolina did more fighting and sent more soldiers to the war than any other State, and deserved to have the bouquet. He said also that North Carolina had more men in Virginia in defending her soil, than Virginia herself had. And this was the naked truth.

Captain Bond writes us this: "An officer of the 12th New Jersey wrote me some time ago that on the third day at Gettysburg his regiment faced Pettigrew's brigade, and that their muskets were loaded with ball and buckshot, and this may account for the 26th North Carolina having had so many wounded in proportion to the number killed and mortally wounded."

He mentions a remarkable fact in connection with the 48th North Carolina. He says he does not know that it was ever spoken of as one of the crack regiments but at Sharpsburg the 3rd North Carolina had most men killed and wounded and the 48th came next. At Fredericksburg the 57th had most men killed and the 48th came next. He adds, "I do not think the same can be told of any other regiment in the Confederate service." Let the 48th be duly remembered.

Captain Bond mentions a compliment paid indirectly to the 48th N. C. He writes:

"I saw to day what I consider a compliment to the brigade to which the 48th N. C. belonged. On page 107, Series 1, Vol. XIX, Part II, I find a letter from General Pleasanton to General Marcy, dated Purcellville, October 28th, 1862, in which he says that 'two young men were brought in by my pickets.' After giving the location of the different divisions of our army they say 'that yesterday morning Walker's brigade was at Upperville; that this brigade had been picked from the whole rebel army."

We begin to understand more and more why General Wade Hampton, a South Carolinian, told Senator Vance that the best soldiers he saw in the war were from North Carolina.

We begin to have a better understanding of why General D. H. Hill, a South Carolinian, always reposed so much confidence in North Carolina troops.

We learn more clearly why Gen. Ambrose P. Hill, a Virginian, said to Mr. Wallace, of Petersburg, that he would rather command North Carolina troops than any others.

We know now why General Hood, of Texas, placed North Carolina at the head of all Southern States, both in the quality and number of her troops.

We understand better now why Gen. Trimble, of Maryland, had such a high opinion of the North Carolinians he commanded, and why Gens. Cook and Lane, Virginians, believed so much in the fighting qualities of the soldiers from North Carolina that they commanded. Gen. A. P. Hill told the late Maj. Engelhard, of this city, that the two best brigades in his corps were Cooke's North Carolina and McRae's North Carolina. Mahone's Virginia was his corps.

The truth of history will yet be made plain. The rule for all writers should be—to do injustice to no command, but to tell the truth,

Robert Hall Morrison.

Charlotte News.]

The death of Dr. R. H. Morrison, at the home of his son in Lincoln county, on the 14th, leaves the class of 1818 of the State University, without a living representative.

He was a prominent Presbyterian minister, having at different times been pastor at the First church in this city, Sugar Creek, Macpelah and Fayetteville. At all of these he fulfilled his duties in such a manner as to gain the love of all his congregation, and his death deprived North Carolina of one of her most honored sons.

Dr. Morrison was the first president of Davidson College, and was the oldest minister in the State, having preached for over fifty years. His death was due primarily to heart disease.

He was the father-in-law of more prominent people than anyone in the State, among them being Gen. D. H. Hill, Gen. Stonewoll Jackson, Gen. Rufus Barringer and Col. Jno. E. Brown.

He leaves two sons, Dr. R. H. Morrison, Jr., of Shelby, and J. M. Morrison, of Lincoln county, with whom he resided.

The Close of Life.

It is a great mistake to suppose that the usefulness of life ceases with the power of active service. When the tired hands are folded in the repose which their toil has rightly earned for them, when the weary brain is relieved from the burden of cares and perplexities which it has nobly born, there should be a season rich in blessings and in influence which no one would willingly forego. Then should come the leisure vainly longed for in past years, and the opportunity to attend to many things and to enjoy much that was before impossible. If the busy life has also been an honorable one, there are sweet memories, cherished friendships, the devotion of children, the respect of society, the power of helping others through the accumulated experience of a venerable and beloved face, is a blessing to those who look upon it, bringing suggestions of well-earned peace and calm to the busy toiler, and calling up emotions of tender reference in the eager and buoyant youth.

"The women tell me every day
That all my bloom has passed away."

But they could no longer chide you with loss of bloom and beauty if you made use of the great restorative, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. All female weaknesses and derangements vanish before this excellent remdy. Thin, pale and emaciated women, who find existence burdensome, on account of their ailments, should at once have recourse to this unrivaled specific. Druggists.

A fight with the moonshiners should take place "oft in the stilly night."

Gordon, of Georgia, on the Consolidated Republic, Fostered by Washington.

New York Herald.]

At the reception of the Southern Society at their new Club House in New York the day after the Centennial, Governor Gordon being called upon to respond for Georgia, said:

"In the few moments allotted to me it is impossible to respond in a fitting manner to the sentiment just proposed. I can do nothing more than to express my thanks to my eloquent friend for the unmerited tribute paid me and suggest one or two thoughts evoked by this centennial occasion. Georgia's position in the sisterhood of States is both interesting and unique. She was the youngest of the thirteen original colonies that formed the Union. She is therefore the honored link in the family circle between the old and new commonwealth of the Republic. Although for a brief period that link was severed yet, her love for her sisters and for the birthright of freedom which all inherited, has survived the separation. Georgia and her Southern sisters have never lost for a day or an hour, their devotion and loyalty to the republican government and constitutional freedom which had united all in a common effort and aspiration one hundred years ago. Like an electric current which will leap across a break in the wire and so pursue its course, the spirit of 1789 thrilled through all the States, even through the period of separation of the war. Georgia's heart at this hour throbs with the same proud memories that pulsated in the heart of New York, and she rejoices that the great State, whose glorious history is the common heritage of all, and whose hospitality is as boundless as the great ocean that washes her shores, was by historical right the leader in this grand centennial movement. Georgia's hopes are higher and her confidence firmer in the future concord of the whole American people because of the commemoration of the great event which has just convened the States and people in this American motropolis.

IN SPITE OF DIFFERENCES.

"I trust that the men who are here and the people at home all over this country will find a patriotism deepened, broadened by the contemplation of the great event which we have just celebrated. I pity the man whose spirit at a time like this does not thrill in the thought that this is his country—that all are of his country—Georgia as well as New York, South Carolina as well as Massachusetts—and the people his kindred. I pity the man who, looking back over the century, fails to feel his spirit glow with pride as he studies every chapter of its history, embracing every section of his country, even that chapter, though written in blood, from 1801 to 1865. I utter a great truth, and one which the future will make plain to the apprehension of posterity, that through all the dust and smoke of that bitter sectional conflict, through all the tears and blood which were shed, through all the passions which were evoked and the woes that were endured, the eye that is clear and the mind that is just can plainly discern an unfaltering love of liberty which our fathers jointly achieved, and an unabated devotion to the constitutional Republic which they jointly established.

A POLITICAL LIGHTHOUSE.

"But I have been beguiled by the thoughts which crowd upon me into a consumption of too much of your time and I conclude with a single remark, if I may be permitted—a figure drawn from the statue of liberty, whose uplifted flame lights your uncomparable harbor. I will say that upon this centennial occasion we should build a political lighthouse on the rock of the constitution, cemented in sectional fellowship and mutual confidence to throw its light over land and sea, that we may avoid the reefs upon which the happiness of the people and the stability of unions are wrecked and lost—a political lighthouse whose quenchless flame shall not only serve to guide the American people to all political truth and to the true basis of real immunity, but shall also guide the struggling people of the world on their onward march to freedom."

One Dies Every Second.

Here are some interesting facts about the people who compose the population of the world:

There are 3,064 languages in the world, and its inhabitants profess more than 1,000 religions.

The number of men is about equal to the number of women. The average of life is about 33 years. One quarter die previous to the age of seventeen. To every 1,000 persons only one reaches 100 years of life says the Golden Argosy. To every 100 only six reach the age of 65, and not more than one in 500 lives to 80 years of age.

There are on the earth 1,000,000,000 inhabitants; of these 33,033,033 die every year; 91,824 every day; 3,720 every hour and 60 every minute or one every second.

The married are longer lived than the single, and above all, those who observe a sober industrious conduct. Tall men live longer than short ones. Women have more chances of life in their favor previous to 50 years of age than men have but fewer afterwards.

The number of marriages is in the proportion of 75 to every 1,000 individuals. Marriages are more frequent after equinoxes—that is, during the months of December an June.

Those born in the spring are generally of a more robust constitution than others. Births are more frequent by night than by day, also deaths.

The number of men cabable of bearing arms is calculated at one-fourth of the population.

A Good Investment

is that which yields large returns from a small outlay. Reader, the way is clear! No speculation, no chance, big returns! If you are like most of mankind you have somewhere a weakness—don't feel at all times just as you'd like to—headache to-day, backache to-morrow, down sick next week—all because your blood is out of order. A small outlay and what large returns! You invest in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and soon pure, fresh blood courses through your veins, and you are another being!

☞ The leading advertising agencies in the United States have formed an association or "trust." Now let the publishers form a trust also to even things up. We mean what we say, it is needed.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Improvements Made in the Old North State Since our Last Issue.

Reported for the Manufacturers' Record.]

Albemarle—Wagon Factory.—A stock company is being organized to start a wagon factory.

Asheville—Bridge.—The Asheville Toll Bridge Co. will build an iron bridge. It will be a two span bridge, 260 feet long, and probably 30 feet wide.

Concord—Publishing.—J. B. Sherrill will shortly announce the publication of the Times.

Fayetteville—Canning Factory.—A canning factory is to be started by a stock company being formed.

Fayetteville — Bucket Factory. — The Fayetteville Bucket Company will double the capacity of their factory.

Greensboro — Cotton Factory.—Efforts are being made to form a co-operative company to build a cotton factory.

Henderson—Tobacco Factory.—Another tobacco factory is to be, it is reported, established.

Henderson—Tobacco Factory.—Walker & Rowland will shortly start the plug-tobacco factory mentioned last week. They will erect a three story building 42x125 feet.

King's Mountain — Cotton Factory.—The King's Mountain Manufacturing Co. have increased capital stock and will put in aditional machinery.

Laurinburg—Oil Mill.—A company with a capital stock of $25,000 will be organized to build the cotton-seed oil mill mentioned. A. F. Bizzell can give information.

Linville—Saw Mill.—R. F. Watkins is building a saw mill.

Lineville—Furniture Factory.—A furniture factory is being built by the Lineville Improvement Co. Machinery is reported as purchased.

Mebanville—Railroad.—A meeting will be held shortly to organize a company to build the railroad projected from Danville, Va., to Pittsboro, N. C.

Morganton — Furniture Factory.—The stock company lately reported as being organized by E. B. Claywell and others to establish a furniture has been chartered with John H. Pearson, president; John A. Dickson, vice-president, and Mr. Claywell secretary. Building will be put up at once.

Moyock—Railroad.—It is reported that the Norfolk Southern Railroad Co. (office Norfolk, Va.) will extend their road from Moyock to South Mills.

Oxford—Copper Mine.—The Gillis Mine & Improvement Co., capital stock $100,000, has been organized to develope the Gillis copper mine in Northern part of Granville county, A. H. A. Williams is president.

Raleigh—Tobacco Factory.—A tobacco foctory will be started in the State penitentiary.

Raleigh—Wagon Factory.—The North Carolina Wagon Co., lately reported as building a wagon factory, will probably increase their capital stock from $15,000 to $20,000.

Raleigh—Land.—A syndicate with Gov. John B. Gordon, of Atlanta, Ga.; at its head are negotiating for 100,000 acres of swamp land in North Carolina.

Tarboro—Cotton Factory.—The Tarboro Cotton Factory, reported last week as to enlarge, will put in twisters and other machinery.

Wilmington—Ship-yard.—Thos. Evans has started a ship-yard.

Wilmington—Saw Mill.—Thomas A. McIntyre, Ewen McIntyre and Richard Lamb, previously mentioned as to erect a portable saw mill, have incorporated the Onslow Lumber Co, with a capital stock of $50,000.

Wilmington—Compress.—The Wilmington Compress Co. will make extensive improvements, building fire-proof warehouses etc.

Woodleaf—Canning Factory.—Anderson & Co. contemplate starting a canning factory.

Dixon Tells the New Englanders why the South is Solid.

Asheville Citizen.]

Rev. Thos. Dixon, the young North Carolina preacher who has recently been called from a church in Boston to one in New York, has been addressing the Paint and Oil Club of New England on the Southern question. Among the many good things he said was the following in relation to the redemption of North Carolina from carpet bag, nagro and scalawag rule. After describing the condition to which the State was reduced, he said:

"They did what you would have done; they took possession of their local governments; they had it to do or give up the struggle of life. They violated the constitution you say? Perhaps they did sometime. But self-preservation is the first law of nature and antedates the constitution somewhat. They said it was not right that pauperism and vice and ignorance should rule wealth and virtue and intelligence, and the constitutions of the earth wouldn't make it right. After all, didn't you teach them the lesson? A distinguished Senator of the North, when driven to the war by the relentless logic of Calhoun on the constitution, it is said, replied: "The constitution be d—d!" The constitution did stand between the slave and his freedom. You said it was not right, smashed it to atoms and made it over again. I do thank you for doing it. You said the constitution was divine before the war. Could you expect these Southern men, when their very lives depended on the issue, to accept it as divine after the war.

Pay of Jurors.

Tarboro Banner.]

This week forcibly illustrates the fact that our jurors are poorly paid. In the face of bad, very disagreeable weather, many a farmer is compelled to come and go ten or fifteen miles each day to attend court. His affairs at home are neglected. He cannot hire anyone to look after it, for his one dollar per day will not feed himself and horse, putting no value on his lost time. He cannot come here and take care of himself for less than a dollar a day. He must rise extra early, and return late. Then should he be late, perhaps unavoidably so, he incurs the wrath or displeasure of a well-paid court, and is often made to contribute, very liberally, to a conscience fund.

Our jurors should be improved and better paid. If the laborer is worthy of his hire, in this case he fails to get it.

It is not the face of a check which we admire so much as its figure.

Educate the Road Builders.

Here is a proposition that should commend itself to our own university and every one in the country as promising more good results for the expense and labor involved than many educational suggestions which have been made.

The Knoxville Daily Journal says: "It is proposed at Vanderbilt University to give free instruction in that institution, in scientific road building to one principal or deputy highway official from every county in the State. It is an important proposition. The ignorance of people on the subject is well nigh universal. The character of the public roads throughout the State shows it. If every county in the State could employ competent civil engineers and pay them good salaries, to take charge of road making, it would be money well and profitably invested. It costs very little more to make good roads than it does to make poor ones. And after they are made, good roads can be kept up at less expense than poor ones. A large majority of public roads in this section are a public disgrace, and if the State University or Vanderbilt can do anything to awaken an interest on this subject, it will be a public benefaction."

☞ Religion is Christianity's starlight in the night of trouble and sorrow, and its silvery streams of comfort tell of the everlasting fountains of light that feed the crystal river of life that flows by the Throne of God.

$100 REWARD. $100

The readers of the OBSERVER will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength, by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Twenty Pieces of Bone.

My little niece, left me by her mother, had one of the worst cases of white swelling I ever saw. More than twenty pieces of bone came out of her leg, one piece being about the size of the small end of a walking cane, and nearly three inches long. The hole left by taking these pieces out was as large as a good sized walnut. She was not able to walk a step for eight months, and was afterwards compelled to use cruthes for nearly a year. The doctors said there was no cure, and advised amputation of the limb. This I would not consent to, but put her to taking Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), leaving off all other treatment. It has cured her sound and well, and I shall never grow weary of speaking in its praise,

MRS. ANNIE GEESLING.

Columbus, Ga., Feb. 11, 1889.

The World Ought to Know It.

The world ought to know what S. S. S. has done for me in the cure of a malignant Cancer, which was so bad as to be considered incurable by the physicians in Chicago, where I went to be treated. The hospital surgeons gave me up, saying they could do nothing for me. One of my neighbors sent me a copy of an advertisement out from a paper in regard to Swift's Specific, and I began taking it. I got relief from the first few doses; the poison was gradually forced out of my system, and I was soon cured sound and well. It is now ten months since I quit taking S. S. S. and I have had no sign of return of the dreadful disease. MRS. ANN B OTHWELL.

Au Sable, Mich., Dec. 29, '88.

Send for Books on Blood Diseases and Cancers, mailed free.

THD SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Eupepsy.

This is what you ought to have, in fact, you must have it, to fully enjoy life. Thousands are searching for it daily, and mourning because they find it not. Thousands upon thousands of dollars are spent annually by our people in the hope that they may attain this boon. And yet it may be had by all. We guarantee that Electric Bitters, if used according to directions and the use persisted in, will bring you Good Digestion and oust the demon Dyspepsia and install instead Eupepsy. We recommend Electric Bitters for Dyspepsia and all diseases of Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Sold at 50c. and $1.00 per bottle by B. E. Sedberry, Druggist.

A Scrap of Paper Saves Her Life.

It was just an ordinary scrap of wrapping paper, but it saved her life. She was in the last stages of consumption, told by physicians that she was incurable and could live only a short time; she weighed less than seventy pounds. On a piece of wrapping paper she read of Dr. King's New Discovery, and got a sample bottle; it helped her, she bought a large bottle, it helped her more, bought another and grew better fast, contiued its use and is now strong, healthy, rosy, plump, weighing 140 pounds. For further particulars send stamp to W. H. Cole, Druggist, Fort Smith. Trial Bottles of this wonderful Discovery Free at B. E. Sedberry's Drugstore.

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OIL STOVES will be in next week.
GENERAL CROCKERY and Glassware Stock well assorted.
All extra cheap for cash.
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A BEAUTIFUL STOCK.

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Best Charcoal Iron—lap-welded BOILER FLUES furnished to order.
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FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY.....MAY 23, 1889.

WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF FAYETTEVILLE.

The news having been thoroughly disseminated that Rev. Mr. PEARSON would make his departure early Saturday morning for Greensboro, whither he goes to conduct a two weeks' series of meetings, the streets of Fayetteville on Friday evening before, presented a scene unparalleled in the history of the town. Verily the spirit of the ever-living GOD seemed to dwell in the streets, on the high ways and bye-ways and on the housetops. Nay, every passing breeze appeared to be laden with the precious perfume of the Holy Spirit, and long before the sun went down, the principal thoroughfares of the city were literally lined with walking humanity, wending their way to the Tabernacle, where Mr. PEARSON would preach his farewell sermon at 8.30 o'clock. People of all ages and sizes, from the highest to the lowest, good, bad and indifferent, fell into line, and long before the hour named above, every seat in the Tabernacle had been taken. Benches and chairs were brought in and the aisles quickly filled by the large crowds waiting on the outside. Ladders were absolutely brought into service and many heard Mr. PEARSON'S farewell sermon from the exterior of the Tabernacle in this way. Hundreds stood up on the outside and in the aisles, while the windows were packed. Never before have we witnessed such religious manifestations, and never before have we heard the word of GOD made so plain and the doom of sinners so vividly portrayed. The scene almost baffles discription. The harmonious voices of a choir of fifty well-trained singers rang out and filled the air with entrancing melodies and sweet praises to Almighty God.

The text from which he preached this sermon will be found in Matthew, 27th chapter and 22nd verse: "Pilate saith unto them, what shall I do then with Jesus, which is called Christ? *They* all say unto him, let him be crucified." He then placed the sinners of this world along in the same category with PONTIAS PILATE, and put the question: What are *you* going to do with CHRIST, and was not slow to convince this vast audience that they must either accept or reject him, then and there. Such a sermon we thank GOD for, and thank Him devoutly. We have never heard its equal.

At the conclusion of this sermon, the choir sang a familiar old hymn, and this writer stood by and counted one hundred and seventeen sinners publicly confess CHRIST as their Saviour. Such a scene! From the tender youth to the aged citizens, came forward in rapid succession and gave their hearts to JESUS. To stand by and witness men, whose heads had grown gray in the sins of this world, and who had for lo these many years worshipped earthly idols and this world's goods, publicly announce their emancipation from temptations strong grasp, and resolve to hereafter follow the glorious banner of JESUS CHRIST, is a scene that will ever remain fresh in our memory.

At the conclusion of his sermon Mr. PEARSON made a talk in behalf of the Young Men's Christian Association and succeeded in raising about $350. A collection was then taken up and Mr. PEARSON presented with a purse of $500. Thus the grandest meeting ever held in Fayetteville was brought to a close.

CRIMINAL ASSAULTS UPON HELPLESS WOMEN.

Scarcely a day rolls round but what some one or other of our exchanges in some part of the country records the attempt or successful attempt of a criminal assault on a helpless woman.

Now we believe in law and order; we believe in the Courts of equity, and we believe the laws of North Carolina are equal to the emergency if executed, but the alarming increase in this species of crime has been so great of late that there is just cause for the wide-spread belief, so current among the masses, that the courts are sadly failing to accomplish the needs for which they were created, and not infrequently of late have an outraged and indignant people taken the law in their own hands.

For one we are opposed to lynch law, but on the contrary, we favor the protection of the purity and virtue of the noble women of this fair land of ours against such fiendish assaults as that which was committed on the person of Miss Whitaker of Raleigh and also on a lady in this place, at all hazards.

Be it said to their credit—it matters not in what other respects they were lacking—our law makers have always enacted such laws as are well calculated, if executed, to protect the helpless women of North Carolina. Verily it has been decreed in this State that he who outrages a woman shall die. This would seem to be a warning sufficient to turn from his desire the fiendish of the fiend, and lead him to tremble before its mandates. But such is not the case. Then are not the Courts too slow in the administration of justice, and juries derelict in a faithful discharge of their sacred duties. Nay, our chief executives for the past few years have been too lenient, and we might say have almost abused their pardoning powers.

Give us Courts that will try fairly and impartially such offenders; juries, that will convict when the testimony satisfies them of the defendant's guilt, beyond a reasonable doubt; an Executive that will neither reprieve or pardon in such cases, and let every man, be he young or old, good, bad or indifferent, white or black, who is convicted of an assault upon a lady, be hanged by the neck until he is dead, dead! and not until then will this hellish work cease.

The pleading voices of hundreds and thousands of pure, virtuous women in this and other States, appeal to men for protection, and the man or set of men who turns a deaf ear to their supplications is no man at all.

We regret the announcement that Mr. T. B. KINGSBURY has severed his connection with the Wilmington Star, though that most excellent journal is still in good hands, as we learn that Major BERNARD, who is by the way a writer of pith and force, has brought to his assistance the services of Maj. P. F. DUFFEY, a writer of acknowledged ability, a gentleman of the warmest impulses, whose pen wielded a mighty influence throughout the Piedmont section in the palmiest days of the famous Charlotte Observer, of which he was editor-in-chief. Newspaper men, like poets are born, and as a newspaper man in every sense of the word, Maj. BERNARD has few equals in the South. We predict, then, for the Star, the same measure of success in the future that has characterized its successful career in the past. We sincerely trust that Mr. KINGSBURY will find it to his interest to remain "in the harness;" otherwise, the State will lose one of its most influential writers and moulders of public opinion, whose ideas are respected throughout the country. Indeed his shoes will not be easy to fill.

PRESBYTERIANS.

Southern General Assembly in Session at Chattanooga—Report of Proceedings—Dr. H. G. Hill Made Moderator—a Committee Appointed to Adjust Differences Between the N. C. Synod and Mecklenburg Presbytary.

CHATTANOOGA, May 16.—The Southern General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church met in this city to-day, the session being formally opened by a sermon preached by Rev. Dr. Bullock, of Washington, D. C., the retiring Moderator.

At the close of the sermon, which was a powerful one, the business assemblage was called, and the first order of business was announced to be the election of a Moderator. The following were put in nomination: Rev. Dr. H. G. Hill, of Fayetteville, N. C., Rev. Dr. G. W. Armstrong, of Norfolk, Va., and Rev. Dr. J. G. Woodrow, of Columbia, S. C.

On motion the election was postponed.

On reassembling in the afternoon, Mr. James Lyons, lay commissioner to the Assembly from Richmond, Va., arose and objected to the nomination of Dr. Woodrow, on the ground of his evolution theory, which he continued to teach in his college, and he had in an editorial article criticised the action of that Assembly.

Dr. Woodrow arose excitedly, and said: "I pronounce that statement wholly incorrect."

This raised a flutter of excitement, but was quietly quelled by the Moderator.

Mr. Lyons resumed the floor, and read several articles from Dr. Woodrow's newspaper, all of which seemed to be communications, but for which he asserted that Dr. Woodrow was responsible as editor.

When Mr. Lyons had taken his seat Dr. Woodrow arose and withdrew his name as a candidate for Moderator, and repelled the charge of insubordination.

Mr. Lyons began to reply in justification of his statement, but was ruled out of order by the Moderator, and the matter stopped.

All the other candidates then withdrew, and Rev. Mr. Hill was chosen Moderator by acclamation. Rev. J. D. West, of the Tombigbee Synod, of Mississippi, and Rev. R. Rockwell, of Louisville Presbytery, were elected Clerks.

Hours for daily sessions of the Assembly were fixed at 8 a. m. and 3 p. m. The subject of foreign missions was set for the special order next Tuesday night. The regular business of the Assembly will begin to-morrow with the reading of the reports.

It is generally believed that the matter of Dr. Woodrow's belief on the subject of evolution will not again be referred to during this session of the General Assembly.

2ND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

CHATTANOOGA, May 17.—The Southern General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church met in its second day's session at 10 o'clock this morning. Committees were appointed and reports heard.

The following paper, which promises to raise some serious trouble, was submitted by the secretary and assistant secretary of the Executive Committee of the Foreign Mission Board:

To the General Assembly convened at Chattanooga: The undersigned beg leave respectfully to state that within the past year, in the transaction of business entrusted by the Church to the Executive Committee on Foreign Missions, difficulties of a painful nature have been created, especially charges of a serious character—some of them relating to both of the undersigned. Others, relating only to the secretary, have been made by Rev. W. V. Markland, D. D., Chairman of the Executive Committee. Believing these charges to be wholely unjust, the undersigned would respectfully ask of the General Assembly that an investigation of them, and all these difficulties, be made without delay, that such relief may be granted as the case may require.

Signed, M. H. HOUSTON,
D. C. RANKIN.

It was announced that Dr. Markland was in the room and would speak for the Executive Committee. Dr. Houston then produced affidavits of eight of the members of the Committee, to show that Dr. Markland was not authorized to represent the committee.

Dr. Markland arose and wanted to make an explanation. The Assembly refused to hear him and took a recess.

Upon reassembling the clerk read the report of the Committee on Conference of the Northern and Southern General Assemblies on co-operation in church work. The committee of thirteen, of which M. D. Hoge, D. D., was chairman, appointed by the Southern Assembly, met the committee of the Northern Church in conference in New York, December last, and again at Atlanta, April 17th. They formulated an extended report, reviewing the past relation of the two Churches and their co-operation in Mission work and Evangelization. After referring to the causes which led to the rupture of the two organizations, the joint committee agreed to submit to the two Assemblies the following recommendation as part of the basis for union of the two bodies:

"This joint committee, waving consideration of their differerences, heretofore stated, agree to recommend to the two Assemblies:

"First. That the relations of colored people in the two Churches be allowed to remain in *statu quo*, work among them to proceed on the same lines as heretofore.

"Second. That all proper aid, comfort and encouragement, in a spirit of kindly Christian brotherhood and confidence, shall be extended by each Church to the educational and evangelizing efforts of the other for the colored race, with a view to the encouragement of every laudable effort to this end on both sides.

Third. Schools and churches under the care of the Board of Missions for freedmen, and corresponding work undertaken by the Southern Assembly, especially its institutions for the education of colored mintsters, shall be heartily recommended to the givers of our respective Churches for practical aid, as mutually concerned in the same missionary work for the glory of God and the blessing of our common country.

"Fourth. As to co-operation in the matter of publication, the committees report that such co-operation is already secured between the business departments of the Committee of Publication at Richmond and the Board of Publication at Philadelphia. It would seem that we have reached the limit of co-operation, so far as publication is concerned. We make no report with regard to co-operation in educational institutions, as that question is comprehended in the larger one of the evangelization of the colored people, and will no doubt be controlled by decisions of our General Assemblies in relation to that great interest.

"It only remains to add that the discussions which preceded the adoption of the foregoing report, in the city of New York and in Atlanta, were all characterized by freedom, frankness and entire courtesy. In independent expression of conscientious convictions of points where differences of opinions prevailed, there was not a word uttered which was inconsistent with Christian concord."

By a vote of 74 to 52 the Assembly concluded to print and hold over the report for further discussion.

After extended and animated discussion five minutes' time was granted by Dr. W. V. Markland, of Baltimore, President of the Executive Committee on Foreign Missions to make an explanation in regard to charges made by Drs. Houston and Rankin. He produced a letter from members of the executive committee, requesting him to attend the Assembly. He said he was astonished when he learned that Messrs. Houston and Rankin had gone around and gotten up the paper presented to the Assembly. He said the difficulty between Houston and himself arose in great extent over the question of whether the ruling of the New Testament should control in mission work. The St. Louis and Balto. Assemblies had heard the matter and decided in his favor. If it had to come up again he wanted the whole affair investigated. A resolution providing for such an investigation was tabled.

A telegram of salutation was read from the Northern Presbyterian Assembly in session at New York.

A motion to appoint a committee to adjust differences between the North Carolina Synod and Mecklenburg Presbytery was adopted.

3RD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

CHATTANOOGA, May 18.—The Southern Presbyterians held a breezy session in this city to-day. Elder J. W. A. Wright, of Alabama, moved, upon the opening of the Assembly this morning, consideration of the report of the committee appointed to confer with the committee from the Northern Assembly in regard to the union of the two churches, a motion being pending that the report be made the special order for Monday morning.

Rev. L. B. Johnston, of Va., moved to substitute a resolution providing that the report should be referred to a special committee to consist of one minister and one ruling elder from each Synod, this committee, to report to the Assembly Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. R. K. Moseley protested against hasty action to any organic union.

Judge Fentress said co-operative and not organic union was contemplated.

Mr. Moseley said the Presbytery had filed a protest against even co-operative union.

Judge Fentress replied that nothing would ever be accomplished if every little Presbytery be allowed to impede Legislation.

Rev. L. B. Johnson, of Virginia, said he believed organic union would finally come, but he did not want to see it brought about in such a way that it would bind the Church.

Dr. James Woodrow said he wanted to defend the committee from aspersions which had been cast upon it. If the Assembly should appoint a special committee this should be done without reflecting upon the Conference Committee.

Rev. S. H. Chester, of North Carolina, said the report was the joint report of the Northern Committee and Southern Committee, an had to be adopted or rejected as a whole, and it would not be wise to appoint a special committee to present a modification of it to the Assembly.

Rev. R. S. McAlister, of Mississippi, said the Northern Presbyterians had yesterday declared that the proposed report was an entering wedge to organic union.

After much discussion the report was referred to a special committee by a vote of 70 ayes and 64 nays.

The committee will report on Tuesday next. By a vote of 90 to 64, the Moderator was authorized to appoint a special committee.

"Trust To Providence and Keep Your Powder Dry."

New York Herald Editorial.]

Speaking of the late Mr. Barnum, of Connecticut, the Philadelphia *Press* says:

As chairman of the Democratic National Committee for three successive campaigns he took a prominent part in political affairs. His position in the last Presidential canvass was particularly trying, being that of a protectionist at the head of a free trade party.

We do not know how trying the position of head of the democratic party in the last canvass was to Mr. Barnum, but we do know that it was very trying to a large number of democratic leaders and voters. If it had been trying to himself, perhaps he would not have accepted the position or held on to it. It is, however, quite certain that Mr. Barnum's position as "head of the democratic party" was a detriment to the party. It was a good deal as though the Union armies in the late war had been under the command of a general who did not believe in fighting for the Union. It announced a "straddle" on the one question which formed the issue in the campaign. How much harm Mr. Barnum, as chairman of the Democratic National committee, could actually do or actually did we do not kuow. He was in ill health and, we have heard, took no active part in the work of the canvass. A healthy low tariff man or "free trader" at the head of the committee would, no doubt, have worked zealously, and zeal is worth a good deal in such a case. In a canvass where a policy is at stake no one can doubt that the leading man ought to believe enthusiastically in that policy, and Mr. Barnum did not believe in it at all.

We should not thiuk it worth while to speak of this now if it were not that Mr. Barnum's place will have to be filled, and it is of the greatest importance to the future of the democratic party that his successor shall be a democrat and not an old whig; a low tariff man and not a protectionist; a man known to be in the fullest sympathy with low duties and free raw materials and not a man to whom the issue, which is inevitable, will be unwelcome and a bore.

It is going to be an up hill business to elect a democratic President in 1892. It is going to be an impossibility if the party is to be led and managed that year by men who don't believe in its principles and policies. No intrigue nor any possible manipulations can prevent the tariff question from being the question in that year. It is the only live question. In the North tariff reform clubs are getting started in every State, and will exist before long in every county. Their membership will not hedge or straddle on this issue. The Illinois tariff reform league, established within a few days, began work by the adoption of the following platform, which does not speak any more plainly than the clubs in other States will speak:

"We are uncompromisingly opposed to the so-called protective system, a system which, having started as a temporory aid to infant industries, now assumes the right to be a perpetual and ever growing burden upon the people. We believe that it is time for the government to foster and protect the rights and interests of the consumers, and especially of the workingmen and farmers. We believe in free wool, iron, salt and all materials entering into manufactures."

To put a man tainted with the late Mr. Barnum's opinion at the head of the Democratic National Committee would be fatal to democratic success. If there are men of such opinions on the committee they owe it to themselves and to the party to get off. Their remaining there is unworthy and a swindel. It will be resented by the voters, and rightly so. Mr. Cleveland made a bad mistake for his party when he gave countenance as leaders—and in very numerous cases office — to men like Mr. Barnum. Either he should not have done that, or doing so he should not have forced the tariff issue on his party at the last moment on the eve of the Presidential canvass. If he had, from March, 1885, given countenance and office only to tariff reformers he would have prepared and solidfied his party for the contest he forced upon it in 1888. President Harrison is not making this mistake. He is, very properly as we hold, giving office only to positive protectionists. He would be false to his convictions if he did otherwise.

If there are protectionists, like the late Mr. Barnum, so wedded to the democratic party that they will not leave it, even on that issue, that cannot be helped. But it ought to be understood at once that they must henceforth walk at the tail of the democratic procession and not at its head. They cannot be trusted in any position of control, management or influence in it. They ought to understand that if a democratic President is elected in 1892 they will not be allowed to have office or influence under his administration. The next democratic President will not pursue Mr. Cleveland's course in this matter.

Mr. Cleveland himself, if he had his term of office to do over again, would not do as he did.

The Herald speaks plainly on this matter because we know that what we have said expresses the judgment and the determination of a great number of democatic leaders who will not go into another canvass hobbled and hamstrung by protectionist managers. Honesty is the best policy.

From the City By the Sea.

Reported for the Observer.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 19, 1889.

Since my former letter I have heard considerable mention of the Centennial Celebration to be held in Fayetteville in November, and with Jefferson Davis to comprise the central figure of the event, there is no possibility but that the occasion will bring together a greater mass of people than was ever before congregated at any one place within the borders of North Carolina. For the entertainment of the visitors there is no town in the State which can boast of a superior faculty in that direction, nor one that would so nearly compensate Mr. Davis by generous hospitality and delicate attention for a journey of such length at his time of life. Barring unforseen accidents the celebration bids fair to utterly eclipse anything of the kind ever held in our commonwealth. Every success attend the worthy venture.

With to-day's issue of the Morning Star Mr. Kingsbury, who for yaars has so ably discharged the duties of editor-in-chief, severs his connection with that newspaper. If this means his ultimate departure from editorial fields, North Carolina journalism has lost from its ranks one whose place it will be difficult to supply. A writer of grace and fluency, fearless in upholding right and condemning wrong regardless of personal or incorporated interests, ardent and untiring in the support of principles, a zealous worker in behalf of his State and section and withall, a scholar of remarkable literary and intellectual attainments. It is rumored that he will remove to Durham, but as yet the report has received no authentic verification.

The Island Beach Hotel at the Hammocks will be shortly opened to the public and will be run by the proprietors with Mr. Platt as manager. Mr. Platt was at one time caterer for the celebrated Orton of this city and is a hotel man of superior ability. A magnificent orchestra, with Prof. A. Bellezza as director, has been engaged for the season and with the completion of the Ocean View Railroad, which runs for several miles down the beach, and the erection of a switchback road, or roller coaster (one of which I suppose many of your readers will remember having ridden upon at Ridgeway Park, opposite Philadelphia) and ample bathing appliances, the Hammocks will present attractions to summer visitors equalled by few watering places of the Southern coast. The number attendant upon the State Encampment promises to be unusually large.

The steamer "Sylvan Grove," newly painted and improved has commenced her daily trips to Carolina Beach and Southport and those who prefer the quiet and good bathing to the more lively surroundings of the Hammocks can be accommodated.

It seems to me as if there rests no shadow of doubt upon the prospect of a bright future for old Fayetteville. Notice is being taken of her by the outside world and there comes before my mind's eye a picture of a town of manufactories and enterprise occupying the spot upon which she has so long slept in peaceful, contented lethargy. In the good old days of the "fifties" when her merchants supplied so vast a section with goods, she was a power in the land and extended her plank roads in every direction, but with the march of progress came the inevitable downfall of so slow a method of transportation, and with this fall came a great decrease in her commerce. Left with an enormous debt upon her for public improvements now grown worthless and not even meriting maintainace and repair, there was only needed the war to complete the work already begun—it came, and after four years of famine and bloodshed, during which she had witnessed the overthrow of fortunes, the wreck of homes and the bloody death of so many of her sons, the very life-blood seemed to have been drawn from her veins, leaving only dull apathatic submission. But, thank God, she has at last awakened and will yet regain her former eminence and add to her former glory. It seems to me as if, at that dark period just subsequent to the bloody strife when the reins of power were held by knaves and rascals, this thought, so aptly expressed by some author I have read must have been held by her people. "But what for us, the children of despair, brought to the brink of hell—what hope remains? RESOLVE! RESOLVE!" G.

The Carolina Oil and Creosote Case.

Wilmington Star.]

The following is an interview a reporter for the Star had with Judge Russell in regard to the settlement of the celebrated Creosote case. The Judge in answer to questions by the reporter, said he had been absent about two weeks on account of this case.

Reporter—How are the defendants satisfied with the result?

Judge Russell—About as well satisfied as Gov. Fowle was with the election in North Carolina last November, and some better satisfied than was Benj. Harrison with the result in the United States. We have more cause to be satisfied than Mr. Harrison had, because we had a wide margin.

Reporter—But was the case not settled by consent?

Judge Russell—Oh yes! Of course it was. We consented because we got all we wanted. The other fellows consented because they could not help it.

Reporter—Who are the principal officers of the company now.

Judge Russell—Warner Miller, who is known all over the United States as a leader among the business men, and whose name commands respect every where, and who never authorized the suit which Gen. Mahone brought, is president of the company; Mr. A. A. Thomas, who resigned so that Mr. Miller would be president, is general superintendent; Mr. F. C. Prindle, one of the most capable engineers of the country, has charge of the works in Wilmington.

Reporter — What about the charges against Col. Canaday?

Judge Russell—These charges were gotten up for the purpose of having the case tried in the newspapers. We declined to accommodate the accusers, and notified them that we would try it in the courts first and leave it to the newspapers to record the result. So Col. Canaday made a full and complete answer to all the allegations against him. The injunction was dissolved, the receiver denied and the suit dismissed. The effect of the dismissal of a suit in eniquity is to decree all the issues in favor of the defendant. So, you see, the vindication of Mr. Canaday is complete.

Lumber Bridge Items.

Reported for the Observer.]

Since our last we have had a cold wave which greatly injured the cotton, and many farmers plowed up and planted again. After that a hot wave struck us which is now gradually abating. The weather is now pleasant, but crops and gardens are nearly ruined by the continued dry weather.

Mr. Pearson's meetings in your city have been an attractive feature, and a real benefit, we trust, to the many who attended from this section. We are due the OBSERVER a vote of thanks for its thoughtful and enterprising spirit in presenting us with such an exact sketch of this great evangelist's face and life.

Rev. S. McLeod has moved his family to our village and is fitting up his new residence in fine style. This pleasant family will be quite an addition to the society of our place and to our school. His handsome and cultured daughter will add another charm to our social circle.

The health of our place is now quite good. More anon. SCRIBLER.

Godwin Items.

Reported for the Observer.]

Crops in this section look very well for this season. We have had refreshing showers, which will add to the crops.

We have a good Sunday School here now that numbers about fifty-five scholars. D. J. L. McIntyre is the Superintendent, D. A. C. Deming, Secretary.

Good many are truck farming this year. Potatoes and beans are fine.

The people at Godwin were highly pleased with Rev. Mr. Pearson's sermons. All who did not hear him missed a real treat. W.

North Carolina Postmasters.

The following Fourth Class Postmasters have been appointed in North Carolina: Presley C. Ferrell, Apex; Hattie H. Lowe, Banner's Elk; Edward J. D. Boykin, Benson; Margaret C. Killian, Clyde; Robert H. Taylor, Custer; Moses Peterson, Day Book; Israel K. Buckner, Democrat; James E. A. Waldrop, Duke; Thomas James, Everet's; George L. Giddens, Falson; Alfred G. Roundtree, Gatesville; Noglus F. Barber, Goldsboro; Wm. H. Deans, Greenleaf; Uniey H. Bridges, Grover; Thos. Tawson, Hot Springs; Lemuel H. Nowell, Janesville; John W. Myrick, Manly; Christian Moretz, Moretz Mills; Moses L. Buchanan, Mount Pleasant; Elbridge C. Harris, Otter Creek; Reuben S. Crews, Salem Chapel; Jane Harton, Scottsville; George W. Bobbine, Shull's Mills; Minerva M. Greer, Spear; Calvin G. Frazer, Staley; Isaac J. F. Jones, Walkertown; John L. Outland, Woodland; Joseph B. Farlner, Nashville.

The officeres of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. elected here last Thursday after the OBSERVER had gone to press are as follows:

J. B. Dean, Grand Marshal.
Jon. White, Grand Conductor.
W. D. Gaster, Grand Guardian.
C. D. Heartt, Grand Herald.
N. R. Richardson, Grand Chaplain.

Mr. Silas Sheetz has gone to Mt. Vernon Springs for his health.

Messrs. Bevill and Vanstory leave today (Thursday) for their homes in Guil for where they will spend summer.

Praise From Down the Line.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 19, 1889.

Mr. Z. W. Whitehead, Editor Observer,

DEAR SIR:—Your valuable paper is my most welcome visitor. Every success to you, to the OBSERVER, and to its worthy and valuable efforts to build up the city of the upper Cape Fear.

Yours very sincerely,
H. G. MCDOVER.

A GRAND DISPLAY
Of Millinery Goods.

Milan, Lace, Straw, Leghorn, Fancy Braid and Canton Hats and Bonnets. Also Black Lace all of the latest styles and patterns; Flowers, Tips, Ribbons, &c.
A magnigcent stock of Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Gloves, Corsets, Hosiery, Embroidery, Silks, Cottons, &c., all very cheap for CASH at

DYE'S BAZAAR,
17 Hay Street.

MRS. E. G. SPENCER
—OF THE—
Ladies' Exchange,

wishes to return thanks for the very generous patronage she is daily receiving, but says she is never too busy to wait on customers, and is still striving to satisfactorily serve the public in her line.

HER STOCK OF LADIES' FURNISHINGS IS IMMENSE.

April 25, 1889 6m

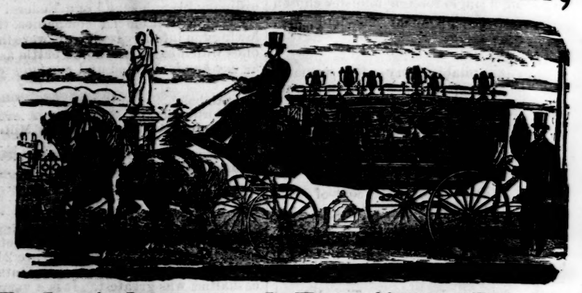
C. M. Watson. 56 A. H. Watson.
SELLS ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS
Family - Groceries.

Don't claim lowest prices, but sell on close profits and strive to please everybody. All goods as recommended or money returned.

Flour, Bacon, Molasses, Coffee, Sugar, Fine Table Butter.

Your orders solicited and will be filled. Respectfully,
C. M. WATSON,
April 11, 1889. 1y 56 and 58 S. W. Jamb, Market Square.

S. SHEETZ & SON,



Undertakers and Furniture Dealers.
Arterial and Cavity Embalming a Special Feature.

The most complete line of funeral furnishings consisting of COFFINS (wood and metallic), BURIAL ROBES, &c., ever offered in Fayetteville.

Their Stock of Furniture
IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

BABY CARRIAGES!
The Handsomest Assortment Ever Offered Here.

Fayetteville, N. C., April 11, 1889. 6m

TURPENTINE STILLS!



WE HAVE ON OUR YARD A LOT OF NEW STILLS, CAPS ARMS and WORMS, which we offer to the manufacturer of Naval Stores on accommodating terms. Also a lot of Second-hand Stills with new bottoms. Second-hand Worms, Caps and Arms, newly repaired in good order and warranted. Still bottoms and patches of all sizes constantly on hand. In fact we have any and everything pertaining to Turpentine Stills.

Repairing through the country a specialty. Parties desiring any thing in our line, for prompt delivery, call on or address

McMILLAN BROS.,
FAYETTEVILLE. N. C.,
March 28, 1889.—tf] or SAVANNAH, GA.

Do You Want a Home?

DO YOU WANT TO BORROW MONEY?

Do You Want to Make Money?

Would you like to make an investment of $3 or $6 or more a month that would place you in hand $500 to $1,000 or more in five years?

If you want any of these benefits, ask the undersigned about the plan offered by THE NATIONAL BUILDING, LOAN AND PROTECTIVE UNION.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, at 5 per cent. per annum.

Money Loaned on Farms, at 5 per cent. per annum. H. I. McDUFFIE, Agent,

Agents Wanted. Fayetteville, N. C.
April 18, 1889. 1m]

Drive-Well Pumps,
—AT—
ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES!
W. N. TILLINGHAST.
April 11, 1889. 2m

REMOVAL.

I have removed to the old Whitehead stand, at the southwest corner of the Market square, where I shall keep on hand a good assortment of

TOBACCO
—AND—
TOBACCONISTS' GOODS.

Also a complete line of domestic and foreign

Liquors and Wines,

especially for family and medicinal purposes.
A. MOORE, Manager.
March 21, 1880. 1y

O YE SCOTCHMEN!

THE GAELIC SODA FOUNTAIN HAS ARRIVED

and in the way of beauty, neatness, cleanliness and facilities for dispensing pure, delicious SODA WATER, we think it has no superior in our midst. Just give it a trial and decide for yourselves.

The strictest attention will be given to every detail in connection with the Soda Water business through the season.

April 25, 1889. H. R. HORNE.

NOTICE.

Stockholders of the Carolina City Company will be paid their pro rata share of the fund in my hands, as Receiver, on presentation of their certificates of stock to me in person or by attorney, at any time before the Fall Term, 1889, of Carteret County Superior Court. JNO. D. DAVIS,
Receiver Carolina City Company
Beaufort, N. C., April 2, 1889. 6w

A Valuable Farm
FOR SALE.

This farm lies 3 miles west of the town limits on Buckhead Creek, and contains 400 acres of land of which about 180 is cleared and in a fine state of cultivation. Upon this farm is two dwellings containing four rooms each; three tenement houses; two wells of fine water; one steam gin in good order; one fish pond of three acres and well stocked with best variety of fish; a fine young orchard of first-class fruit trees and a quantity of select grape vines. This farm is well adapted to corn and cotton, and can be made a most beautiful summer residence. For particulars apply to CHAS. GLOVER,
April 11, 1889. Fayetteville, N. C.

MEAL, CORN AND OATS.

Cracked Corn,
Feed, Meal and
Hominy.

—WE OFFER FOR CASH—

Bolted Meal, per bushel.....60 cts.
Bolted Meal, ½ bushel.....30 cts.
Bolted Meal, ¼ bushel.....15 cts.

The Mill will be open from sunrise till sunset. Persons desiring a first-class article will save money by calling at the Merchant Mills.

J. D. McNEILL & CO.,
Proprietors.
March 7, 1889. 1y

Don't Forget

That I will insure your Horses and Mules in a reliable Company. H. I. McDUFFIE,
May 2, 1889. 1m] Agent.

Sunnyside (Floral) Nursery
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

We are now ready to make and plant Fancy Beds on lawn or at cemetery. We have some fine new bulbs of "Lilium Auratum Pæconies" in red, white and pink; "Gladiolæ" in red, white and striped; "Lemoine," French Seedlings, &c. "Tuberoses," the very best. Send in your orders—we will more than please you. Respectfully, J. M. LAMB.
April 25, 1889. 1m

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street
(Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....MAY 23, 1889.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year (in advance).....$2 00
Six months (in advance).....1 00
☞ No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after expiration of time paid for.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by Correspondents.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

R. S. HUSKE—Land Sale.
HENDERSON & STEVENS—Notice.
ROB'T M. PRIOR—Excursions, &c.
PEMBERTON'S BOOKSTORE—For the Boys.
W. E. BRADY—Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

Balloon ascension at the Indian camp to-morrow evening at 8.50 o'clock.

Maj. Lutterloh contemplates erecting a number of cottages to supply the demand for more dwellings.

The circulation of the OBSERVER continues to increase despite the hard times and stringency in money matters.

The pastors and churches of Lumberton have united in extending an invitation to Evangelist Pearson to conduct a series of meetings in that place.

John West, of Sampson, who is laboring under mental derangement, was put in jail here this week for safe keeping, until he can be better cared for.

The Kikapoo Indian show still holds forth near the base-ball grounds in the eastern part of the city where they have large audiences every night.

Consult the columns of the OBSERVER if you want to know where to buy goods cheap. Those who want your trade are not ashamed to advertise for it.

Maj. T. S. Lutterloh has been added to the roll of applicants for Capt. Jim Smith's shoes in the post-office. But Wannamaker knows a good thing when he sees it and the Captain will very likely fill out his term, which expires in April, '90.

We omitted in our last issue to say that Mrs. T. H. Sutton had been elected President of the Ladies' Memorial Association of Fayetteville, with Mrs. Dr. S. J. Hinsdale Vice-President and Miss Emma Murchison Secretary and Mrs. Dr. Hunter Treasurer.

Capt. J. C. Smith, who has for many years satisfactorily filled the position of Captain on that splendid Steamer the "D. Murchison," has resigned his position to take a similar one on the Transfer Steamer of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Company at Wilmington.

The many friends of Major Jonathan Evans, residing about 6 miles East of the City, will regret to learn that he had the misfortune to lose his dwelling house and most of the contents thereof last week by fire. The loss is estimated at about twelve hundred dollars, with no insurance.

The statement made by President Gray in his annual report to the stockholders of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. that "the passenger depot at Fayetteville had long been an eyesore to the public and the Company as well," means that Fayetteville will soon have an elegant passenger depot, on Franklin street, such as this Company delights to build and one that will be an ornament to the town of Fayetteville. Further particulars in our next.

Hayne Academy.

The closing exercises of Hayne Academy will take place May 24th, and the annual address will be delivered by Hon. Wharton J. Green, of Tokay. Thanks for an invite to be present.

Sanford High School.

The Committee of Invitation will accept our thanks for a beautifully engraved card of invitation to the commencement exercises Sanford High School, May 24th. The literary address will be delivered by Profr J. B. Carlyle, of Wake Forest College.

Accessions to the Churches.

There were 52 accessions to the Presbyterian church here last Sunday morning; 49 by profession and 3 by certificate. At the Methodist church there were 41 accessions, 40 by profession and 1 by certificate. At the Baptist church there were 6 accessions.

Another Fire.

Fire broke out in the old wharf property of the Cape Fear and People's Steamboat Company Saturday morning last, about 1 o'clock, and totally destroyed the building together with some naval stores, &c., all amounting to about $1,250. No insurance. It is thought to be the work of an incendiary.

Lumber Bridge High School.

Thanks to Prof. J. A. Monroe for a handsome card of invitation to the Commencement exercises Lumber Bridge High School, June 6th. The Annual sermon will be preached by Rev. J. E. Carter, First Baptist Church Raleigh, and the Literary address will be delivered by Hon. Alfred Rowland, of the Pan Handle district.

Salem Female Academy.

Rev. J. H. Clewell will accept our thanks for a programme of the Commencement Exercises of Salem Female Academy and an invitation to be present on the 3rd and 4th of June. The baccalaureate sermon will be delivered by Rev. Thos. H. McCallie, of Chattanooga, Tenn., and the Commencement Address by Chas. Lee Smith, presentation of diplomas by Dan'l C. Gilmore, LL.D.

Greensboro Female College.

Dr. Jones, President Greensboro Female College, will accept our thanks for an elegant invitation to the commencement exercises Greensboro Female College, May 29th–30th. Annual sermon Sunday May 26th by Rev. J. H. Cordon, of Raleigh. Degrees conferred and diplomas presented by Gov. Fowle.

High Compliment to a Fayetteville Lady.

Miss Hattie C. Sutton, of this city, has been made valedictorian for th eapproaching Commencement of Salem Female Academy in June. This is indeed a compliment, as the Salem Female Academy is one of the oldest institutions in the State and ranks among the first in the South in point of educational facilities.

A Ten Year Old Girl Kicked to Death.

A shocking accident occurred near Dunn last Saturday. The little ten year old daughter of Mr. W. C. Jackson was thrown from a cart and kicked to death by a horse, the animal becoming frightened at the driver's walking by its side. It was a sad affair and the sympathies of the whole community have been aroused over the sad news.

Thanks.

Our thanks are due and hereby rendered Mr. R. B. Rainy, the very efficient manager of the Atlantic Hotel, Morehead city, for a kind invitation to spend a few days during this season at that famous sea-coast resort, as the guest of the hotel. The world-wide reputation of Morehead City, as a pleasant resort for the "heated term," and that of Mr. Rainy, as a hotelist, renders further comment on our part unnecessary.

500 Conversions.

It is estimated that fully 4,000 people heard Evangelist Pearson's farewell sermon in the Tabernacle, last Friday night, and the number of conversions during the two weeks' series of meetings is estimated at 500. In order to protect himself from designing men, Mr. Pearson has had his sermons copywrited. Reports from Greensboro say the meeting at that place has been largely attended from the beginning and great interest felt and manifested in the cause of Christ.

Hail and Wind Storm.

Further detials of Thursday's storm show that considerable damage was done in the Eastern part of Cumberland, Sampson and Robeson counties. In the last named the storm was accompanied by hail, which covered the ground in some localities to the depth of one to two inches. A great amount of replanting will be necessary is the section through which the storm prevailed. Considerable damage was done to the cotton crop in East Cumberland.

Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

It has been suggested—and we second the move—that the Young Men's Christian Association at their meeting to-morrow afternoon appoint a committee of twelve, who shall meet within the next ten days, confer together, and organize a society for the "prevention of cruelty to animals." The hardships to which the dumb brutes are daily subjected as the warm weather draws nigh, are already too manifest to need enumeration at our hands. Suffice to say they need the protection of those for whom they were made to "use and not to abuse."

Wesleyan Female Institute.

The Commencement exercises of this famous institution at Staunton, Va., will occur as follows:

Friday, May 31st, Final Celebration of Lee and Jackson Literary Society, Annual Address, by Rev. Collins Denny, of Salem, Va.; Saturday, June 1, Art Reception; Sunday, 2, Commencement Sermon by Bishop A. W. Wilson, LL.D., of Baltimore; Sunday, 2, 8 P. M., Annual Sermon before the Young Ladies' Christian Association by Rev. W. J. Young, of Alexandria, Va.; Monday, 3, 8 P. M., Final Soiree of Instrumental and Vocal Music; Tuesday, 4, Final Exercises Awarding Distinctions, Medals, Conferring Degrees, &c.

Carolina Beach Opened.

This most delightful and popular seaside resort was opened to the public last Monday, and from the Star we learn that quite a crowd took advantage of the opportunity thus offered for enjoying the exhilerating sea breezes and a pleasant trip to old ocean. That popular steamer, "Sylvan Grove," with the polite and courteous mariner, Capt. J. W. Harper, at the helm, made her first trip, and sustained the reputation made last year for unsurpassed comfort and ease. The New Hanover Transit Company, we learn, have spared no pains and expense to please and give satisfaction to their friends and patrons. Ten new cottages have been erected, and with the numerous improvements to the hotel and bath houses, Carolina Beach has assumed the appearance of a seaside village.

Teachers' Institute.

Major Finger, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, informs us that arrangements have thus far been perfected for holding teachers' institutes in thirty-five counties. It has been decided to put five instructors in the field to conduct these institutes in addition to Professors Charles D. McIver and Ed. Alderman, who will be permanently engaged in this work. Superintendent Finger has secured the services of Professors E. P. Moses, of Raleigh, and M. C. S. Noble, of Wilmington. All will begin work on the first Monday in July. The instructor has not yet been definitely selected. The first institutes will be held simultaneously at Marshall, Hendersonville, and Morganton in the western part of the State, and at Jacksonville and Currituck Courthouse in the East. Why the Cape Fear and Pee Dee sections should have been overlooked, we are unable at this writing to understand, but hope soon to be able to give our readers some information regarding the institutes for this section.

A Noble Band of Brothers.

The Grand Encampment I. O. O. F., for North Carolina, concluded their work here last week by electing the following officers for the ensuing year:

Grand Representative from Grand Encamptment, R. B. Kerner, of Winston.
Wm. Woollcott, G. P.
T. E. Phillips, G. H. P.
T. M. Stevens, G. S. W.
J. W. Bradford, G. J. W.
T. W. Blake, G. S. & T.
A. Broadfoot, I. S.
W. R. Stanley, O. S.

About $2,600 was raised for the establishment of an Odd Fellows' Orphanage, instead of $300, as we had it last week.

During the past year the order increased its membership in the neighborhood of 500, and now boasts of a membership of 1,500 in this State, with 44 working lodges Six new Lodges have been chartered since the last annual meeting.

Mr. E. J. Hale Removed.

Verily "public office is a family trust" with the present administration. Mr. E. J. Hale, of this city, a gentleman of culture and polish, and eminently qualified in every particular for the important position he has held under the United States government for the past four years, at Manchester, England, has been asked to step down and out to make room for Vice-President Morton's brother-in-law, William F. Grinnell, who, since March, 1882, has held the appointment of United States Consul at Bradford, England. Grinnell has been simply transferred from Bradford to Manchester. Both positions rate on the Consular books at the same salary—$3,000 a year. Speaking of this removal the New York Star remarks: "On the surface this seems nothing more than an innocent transfer from one post to another, but as a matter of fact the unofficial fees and perquisites at Manchester make the compensation of that office $2,000 a year more than at Bradford. "Public office is a family trust."

A New Phase in the Boyle Outrage Case.

The refusal of the County Commissioners of Wake, to call an extra term of Wake Superior Court, for the trial of, Ex-Father Boyle, has resulted in a call for signatures to a petition for the special term, which reads:

"We, the citizens of Raleigh and Wake county, feeling a profound interest in the horrible outrage recently committed in our midst, and having due regard and reverence for the supremacy of the law, would desire to see the accused have a fair and impartial trial. And it is our deliberate judgment, dispassionately expressed, that in view of the great enormity of the crime as charged, we owe it to the good name of the community, to the well being of society, to our regard for the purity and safety of female character, to our own self-respect, to the efficient and faithful execution of our laws, and to the manhood of our people to express hereby our deliberate and sober judgment that the accused should be arraigned at the earliest practicable time for trial and for this purpose a special term of the court should be ordered."

This effort on the part of the Raleigh people] is highly commendable, and the whloe country demands that Boyle have speedy justice dealt out to him with an unspairing hand.

Personal Ponderings.

Maj. T. D. Love, of Wilmington, spent a few days in the city last week.

Glad to have a call from Mr. J. P. Hodges, of Little River Academy, the past week.

Mine Host Barker, of the Hotel LaFayette, left Tuesday for a ten days' visit to Boston.

Miss May Vaughn, of Chicago, who has been visiting the family of Dr. S. J. Hinsdale, on Haymount, has returned to her home.

Miss Josie Batchelor, of the Orphan's Friend, also representing the Broom Factory, now run in connection with the Asylum at Oxford, made a very pleasant and successful visit to this place this week. During her stay she was the guest of Mrs. A. T. Smith, who made her visit to the Capital City of the Upper Cape Fear memorable for the many courtesies extended.

Meeting In the Market House Monday.

Pursuant to announcement an adjourned meeting of the citizens of Fayetteville and Cumberland county, was held in the Town Hall last Monday, to perfect arrangements for the Centennial celebration in this city Nov. 21st, and hear the report of the committee previously appointed. The meeting was called to order by chairman Ray, and the proceedings of last meeting read and approved. Col. W. J. Green, from the committee on invitation, took the floor and read the correspondence between the committee and Ex-President Davis, whom they had invited to officiate as chief orator for the occasion, also Mr. Davis' reply, in which he accepted the invitation to be present on the contingent, "life and health permitting," the whole of which has been published in the OBSERVER. Col. Green also read the second letter addressed to Mr. Davis, urging him to come as North Carolina's invited guest, relieving him of the arduous duties of orator of the day.

Col. Green further stated that in view of the improbability of Ex-President Davis' officiating as chief orator, the committee were in correspondence with another distinguished gentleman as a substitute, but thought it proper not to divulge the name of the gentleman until after his acceptance or rejection had been made.

On motion, Col. A. B. Williams was appointed chairman of the committee on arrangements, with full power to increase the number of said committee to 50 instead of 25; and further, that a committee of 5 be appointed to confer with the Pearson meeting committee in regard to the purchase of the Tabernacle, and that the committee be vested with the power to make a definite contract for the purchase of said building.

Upon motion, a permanent organization for arranging for the Centennial celebration here in November was effected by the election of Capt. Neill W. Ray, President, and Z. W. Whitehead and H. I. McDuffie, Secretaries. The committee of arrangements was accordingly increased by the following names:

E. L. Pemberton, B. R. Huske, J. B. Broadfoot, W. S. Cook, Dr. J. A. Hodges, C. L. Taylor, Dr. J. W. McNeill, R. M. Nimocks, Geo. A. Overtaugh, H. R. Novitzky, Walter Watson, F. W. Thornton, A. H. Slocomb, W. D. Gaster, S. C. Rankin, J. P. Thomson, J. D. McNeill, Ran. McMillan, H. C. Fisher, B. G. Hollingsworth, J. B. Smith, T. A. Barker, F. R. Rose, E. J. Lilly, Jr., H. McD. Robinson, J. W. Morris, H. L. Cook, B. E. Sedberry, Z. W. Whitehead, H. I. McDuffie, J. R. Williams, W. E. Kyle, John W. Atkinson and Geo. P. McNeill.

A Suggestion.

Editor Observer:

The undersigned have always been heartily in accord with every movement (where it did not relax business requirements too much) which tended to lighten the labors of every son of toil, be he merchant, clerk, seamstress or mechanic. We have led the "early closing" movement here for years. Owing to a misapprehension our store was not promptly closed on time Saturday night—it will be hereafter. But our object now is to make a suggestion, which we think is an improvement on the Saturday night ten o'clock plan. It is to make Friday pay-day and general supply day, instead of Saturday as at present, and to suspend all business each Saturday during the Summer at four o'clock P. M. The stores could remain open Friday nights until ten to accommodate the public. The people would soon fall into the plan, and we believe the effect would be a most happy one on the entire community. Let's try the experiment.

Yours respectfully,
ROSE & LEAK.

To us the above plan seems feasible, and works with great satisfaction in Wilmington, and while this writer could not dictate for others yet we would be glad to see it tested. An agreement has been entered into by all the stores to close hereafter at 7 every day during the week and at 10 o'clock Saturday night. We hope none will violate this rule.

The Fayetteville & Albemarle Railroad.

EDITOR OBSERVER:—The Business men of Fayetteville are not aroused to the importance of building this road as they should be.

So much has been done for us without effort of ours, that we seem to have lost all enterprise.

By a combined, prompt and earnest effort we can secure the building of this road by township subscriptions. Cross Creek could well afford to make a handsome start.

The building of this road, in combination with the C. F. & Y. V., as has been proposed, makes Fayetteville the *centre* of this great System, with its long arms reaching Northwest, West, Southwest, Southeast, and ultimately East, and secures to us the permanence (much increased) of the great importance of being *the centre*, the loss of which we have had cause to fear. We must work and at once, for in nothing are delays more dangerous than in railroad combinations. X.

CARD.

MR. EDITOR:—Allow me to thank Dr. J. A. Hodges for his kind attention in having the "old cemetery" so nicely fixed up for "Memorial" day. As the Doctor was not here on that day I hope the Committee may select him next year again, so that our loved ones remains, so long neglected, may be again cared for. O.

[The above is mete and proper and we join with "O" in making Dr. Hodges Chief Marshal of the occasion in 1890. His efforts this year certainly merit praise.—ED. OBSERVER.]

Items From Harnett.

Reported for the Observer.]

The proposition to change the county-seat was defeated by a majority of fifty. The election was very warmly contested.

The crops in this county are exceptionally good this year, corn and cottton look well and an early and abundant harvest is expected.

One of the leading industries of Harnett is in the manufacture of tupentine. The county is literally dotted with distilleries. Mr. Grady, a very clever gentleman from Fayetteville, has just built one at Dunn.

The last issue of the OBSERVER was splendid. No wonder that the paper enjoys such widespread popularity.

The Indian Village Well Endorsed.

The Kickapoo Indian Show, under the direction of Dr. J. H. West, Frank Gordon and Jas. McCormick, which has been giving exhibitions every night in this city for the past week, comes well endorsed, as the following will testify:

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 1, 1889.

To whom it may concern:

Healey and Bigelow's agency has been represented here for the past several weeks under the management of Dr. J. H. West.

Dr. West has among his assistants four Indians who, together with three "cowboys," present a free exhibition daily which possesses merit and is much enjoyed by the public.

I bear willing testimony to the courteous and orderly behavior of each and every member of this troop and recommend them to the favor of the public.

Very respectfully,
JOHN J. FOWLER, Mayor.

Speaking of the manner in which this troop conducted their entertainments in Wilmington, the Messenger, of that place, says: One should have attended the Indian show last night to have seen the immense crowd of people that poured out to witness the Feast of the White Dog. It is estimated that fully 5,000 people were present, and the estimate is no doubt correct, as a perfect ocean of faces surrounded the stage. An interesting programme was presented and much enjoyed by those present. The eating of the white dog, according to publication made, was carried out, and was witnessed to the end by the large throng of people, many of whom were ladies. The very best of order prevailed throughout.

Dr. J. H. West, the director, will leave with his show this evening at 2 o'clock, by boat, for Fayetteville, where he will remain a few weeks. During their stay in this city, the company has conducted itself in an unexceptionable manner, and has won the respect of our best people. Dr. West is a splendid gentleman himself, and will leave many friends beaind.

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

There was an incendiary fire in Jacksonville, Fla., on Sunday morning, which destroyed five dwellings, and two churches.....The reported case of yellow fever at Palmetto, Fla., proves to be typhoid malarial fever.....Hippoly's foreee in Hayti have recently gained two victories.....An earthquake is reported from California Sunday morning.....Another trusted cashier in Boston has been arrested on the charge of embezzling $10,000 from the Western Union Telegraph Co.....The Samoan armies are disbanding to await the result of the Berlin Conference; a famine prevails among the natives.....In the libel suit of Wm. O'Brien against Lord Salisbury the damages are laid at £10,000.....The Richmond & Alleghany Railroad, in Virginia, has been turned over to the Chesapeake & Ohio company.....James Blythe has been appointed Indian agent of the East Cherokee Agency in North California.....William Albright, of Durham, has fallen heir to the post office in that place.....The fight over the Raleigh and Greensboro post offices continues .....Wm. E. Gladstone has recently declined an offer of $25,000 made by an American newspaper syndicate for a series of twenty-five articles on current subjects..... Ex-Father Boyle keeps very quiet in jail at Raleigh, and the rumors of lynching have subsided..... The surveyors for the Burgaw and Onslow railway reached Swansboro yesterday. As soon as the road is located the work of construction will begin.....Joseph McClatchy, who recently attempted to assassinate Postmaster Lytle, at Arden, Buncombe county, and then fled, has been captured at Knoxville, Tenn....Articles of incorporation for the Raleigh cotton-factory were taken out Monday... The Executive Committee of the State Agricultural and Mechanical College is in session at Raleigh.....A great wolf-hunt organized by the people of Macon county has resulted in the killing of no less than ten wolves..... A large force of convicts will in a few days be put at work in the granito-quarries near Henderson.....The term of the Supreme Court has ended. Most of the justices will spend their vacation in the mountains and at the seashores.....There are many signs of a fight between the Farmers' Alliance and the cotton-seed oil trust. If the plan in view is carried out this will be as lively as the contest with the bagging trust.....The statement is now made that the Georgia, Carolina, and Northern railway is not to be built to Atlanta, Ga., but to Athens, Ga., and make such a connection as to form part of a through line to New Orleans.....Two arrests of negroes have been made in Durham county for the forgery of school orders. So common has this offence become that the County Board of Education has been compelled to take precautions against it.....Interest in the local option campaign in Raleigh is very languid thus far.....It is learned that the ten-mile section of the Lynchburg and Durham railway nearest the latter town is to be laid with rails at once and a train placed upon it. This road may some day reached Fayetteville.....From conversations with many public men in this State it is gathered that Cleveland is in much favor as a candidate for President in 1892.....The grading of the Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina railroad was commenced Monday. .....Fears are entertained for the safety of the schooner Eunity R. Dyer (Capt. Weeks), which left Beaufort eighteen days ago for New York.....A violent storm passed over Lumberton on the 14th doing great damage to the growing crops and houses.....The fruit crop is unusually large in Moore county.....A gold nugget weighing over two pounds has been discovered in Wilkes county.....As careful a calculation as can be made shows that about 17,000 negroes have left the State in the past five months.....Ward & Co., bankers at Murfreesboro', have assigned to R. W. Winborne. Liabilities, $10,000.....Three white men disguised as "White Caps" attacked two white lads in Hyde county. One of the boys was not afraid, and attacked his assailants with a razor. He badly wounded one of them.....The Wake county alumni of the State University met Monday and elected Judge Walter Clark president and decided to attend the University centennial celebration in a body.

Quwhiffle Items.

Reported for the Observer.]

The fine weather has enabled our farmers to catch up with their "plowing" and also attend the Pearson meetings. All who have attended speak in the highest terms of the preaching. The singing also is spoken of as very fine. We understand that the choir was trained by Mr. A. D. Currie, who is a successful teacher, a fine singer and a christian gentleman.

Mrs. Flora McFarland died at her residence at Blue's Bridge, Richmond county, on the 15th of March, aged about 90 years. She lived in this township until the death of her brother, Malcolm Blue, which was about twenty years ago.

We regret that Mr. John Blue has moved out of our county into Moore.

Mr. M. McLeod killed a mad dog a few days ago which came from Robeson county, biting every dog he could find as he passed. At one place he bit a cow and a goose. The goose died and the cow was all right at last accounts. "Beware of dogs." I believe I would enlist as a volunteer in an army having for its object the extermination of the dogs Just to think of the damage they do to life and property.

May 15, 1889. QUWHIFF.

Items in and Around Wade.

Reported for the Observer.]

Farmers are busily engaged "plowing out" their corn which is looking very well. In consequence of the protracted dry weather cotton has not come up well, but think it will come all right yet, as beautiful rains have visited us yesterday and Satuday.

Those of this section whom we have heard speak of attending the Pearson meeting (which are many) say they never before heard such effective preaching.

Miss Janie McDougald, of this place, is at present on a visit to relatives in Texas.

Miss Mary I. McCormack, of Maxton, is now visiting relatives and friends here.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the Bluff next Sunday, preaching commencing on Friday preceding. Q. E. A.

May 20, 1889.

Read the following from one of the most prominent and best known Physicians and farmers in South Carolina. He writes: "That a negro girl 10 years old, near him, took two or three doses of the 'WORM KILLER,' and passed 366 worms."

R. H. EDMUNDS, M. D.

Dated, Ridgeway, S. C., May 26th, 1884.

Mr. H. M. McDonald, of La Grange, N. C., says: "Dr. Boykin's 'WORM KILLER' brought over 100 worms from one child in his neighborhood, and that it gives universal satisfaction." He sells more of it than all other worm medicine.

MARRIED.

SPARGER—GILMER—In Mt. Airy, on the 15th, Mr. GEO. W. SPARGER to Miss JESSIE GILMER, all of the same place.

CROSLAND—EVANS—Cupid has scored another victory, and on the 21st inst., Mr. W. E. CROSLAND, of Rockingham, was happily united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss LOU EVANS, of Cumberland. The ceremony was performed by Rev. N. S. Black at the residence of the bride's mother, about eight miles East of Fayetteville, in the presence of a few invited guests. After the ceremony the crowd partook of a bountiful repast held in waiting for them. The happy couple, after receiving many warm congratulations and good wishes for their future, boarded the south bound train for their home at Rockingham. We extend congratulations and compliment Mr. Crosland upon the selection of one so popular, affable and gentle as a life-long companion.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.
For sale by A. S. HUSKE & CO.
apl 19 1y

Fayetteville Cotton and Naval Stores Market

Good Middling.....10¼
Middling.....10¼
Strict Low Middling.....10
Low Middling.....9¾
Strict Good Ordinary.....9
Good Ordinary.....8¼
Turpentine, $2.10 @ $2.60 per barrel
NAVAL STORES.—Spirits yesterday 33½ cents
Rosin was steady, prices ranging from 65 and 1.00 cents for common.

Wilmington Market.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 22, 4:00 P. M.
COTTON.—Cotton firm at 10½ cents—basis Middling.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market steady at 35½ cents per gallon.
ROSIN.—The market quoted firm at 90 cents per bbl. for and Good Strained.
TAR—Firm $1.30.
TURPENTINE (Crude) firm, hard, $1.50; Yellow dip, $2.75; Virgin, $2.75.
Norfolk—Cotton steady at 10 —basis Middling.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Owing to public sentiment we have resolved to hereafter close our shop on Saturday nights at 12 o'clock, commencing June 2nd, and will remain closed until Monday morning. No more Sunday work.

HENDERSON & STEVENS.
May 23, 1889. tf

For the Boys.

AT PEMBERTON'S BOOKSTORE

THE CHICAGO AIR RIFLE.

SHOOTS SHOT AND DARTS.

A splendid indoor as well as outdoor amusement.
May 16, 1889,

Excursions, Fishing Parties, Pic Nic, Festivals, Etc.

Luncheons in small packages, carefully and specially prepared for pleasure parties in stock and to arrive this week.

Potted Meats in ¼ packages.
Imported Sardines in ¼ packages.
Compressed Beef in small packages.
Finest Black Island Lobsters in small packages.
Star Salmon—the finest in small packages.
English Dairy Cheese—"Midgets."
Pickles Imported and Domestic in small packages.
Pickles by the dozen.
Chyloong Ginger in ¼ packages.
Queen Olives in ¼ glass packuges,
Jellies in small packages.
Sweet Pickled Limes in small packages.
Canned Fruits,
Condiments in great variety to excite the appetite and aid digestion.
Nuts, Raisins, Persian Dates and Fine French Candies (just received).
Condensed Milk, Tea, Coffee Chocolate and Cocoa.

Your Luch Basket will be incomplete without a few Lemons.

ROBERT M. PRIOR.

LAND SALE.

NORTH CAROLINA, CUMBERAND COUNTY. } In the Superior Court

Peter Stewart et al *vs.* Elisha Stewart et al.

By virtue of a Decree of the Superior Court made in the Partition Proceedings as above entitled, I will expose to sale at public auction for cash, at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., at 12 M., on Tuesday the 25th day of June, 1889, the Residence and lands of the late Delilah Stewart, situated at the foot of Harrington Hill, being the same land conveyed to said Delilah Stewart by Mary Jones by deed recorded in Register's office, Cumberland County, in Book D, No. 3, page 182.

R. S. HUSKE, Commissioner.
May 23, 1889. ts

Notice of Sale under Mortgage.

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain mortgage, executed by Jesse B. Carver and wife to W. E. Brady which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book D, No. 4, Page 596, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz: Two tracts of land lying in Gray's Creek Township on the Cape Fear River—one containing 235 acres, the other 171 acres. Both particularly described in said deed.

Place of sale: Market House in Fayetteville, N. C.
Time of sale: Saturday, June 22nd, at 12 o'clock M.
Terms of sale: Cash.

W. E. BRADY, Mortgagee.
C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 16, 1889. ts

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Justices of the Peace of Cumberland County will be held at the Court House in Fayetteville, on Monday, June 3rd, 1889, at 11 A. M. A full attendance is desired.

W. S. COOK, Chairman.
May 16, 1889. tm

K. Lewald

HAS NOT MADE TWO TRIPS NORTH

THIS SEASON,

BUT IS FULLY UP WITH THE TIMES.

CONSTANTLY RECEIVING NEW AND LATEST

STYLE GOODS

The Tariff reduction is not confined

To Spool Thread

—AT—

LEWALD'S.

Having discounted all my bills

I PROPOSE TO SELL.

As evidence I only ask an examination of prices.

MY STOCK

is complete and of handsome make up, embracing the late styles and patterns.

SHOES A SPECIALTY,

AT KNOCK DOWN PRICES.

Competition met and good values given.

Ladies respectfully invited to examine my

Dress Goods, White Goods

—AND—

FINE SHOES.

LEWALD

Claims his judgment in buying so large and handsome stock of goods will be appreciated by close buyers

And Judges of Values.

Call and examine and see if I mean

BUSINESS.

K. Lewald

April 11, 1889.

Bibles! Bibles! Bibles!

Bagster's and Oxford Teachers'

—AND—

STUDENT'S BIBLES

—AND—

AMERICAN BIBLE SOIETCY BIBLES

WITH REFERENCES, ARE TO BE HAD AT COST AT

McNEILL'S BOOKSTORE,

FROM NOW UNTIL AFTER THE

PEARSON MEETINGS.

Bibles at Cost.

—BIBLES OF ALL KINDS AT COST—

At McNEILL'S.

DR. J. H. MARSH,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and the surrounding country. Office at Sedberry's Drug Store. Room at Overbaugh House.
May 9, 1889. 6m

Dwelling House for Rent.

I offer for rent a desirable two story DWELLING HOUSE on Ramsey Street, with kitchen attached and smoke house, flower garden, grape house, &c. Good well of water on lot. Apply to

W. E. BRADY,
May 6, 1889—6t Agent C. F. & Y. V. R'y.

CONTENTMENT.

"My little world is very small,
Scarce worth your notice, sir, at all,"
The mother said,
"My good, kind husband, as you see,
And those three children at my knee,
Who look to us so trustingly
For daily bread,—

"For their sweet sakes, who love me so,
I keep the firelight in a glow
In our dear home,
That, though the tempest roar outside,
And fiercely threaten far and wide,
The cheery blaze may serve to guide,
Dear feet that roam.

"And as the merry kettle boils,
We welcome him who daily toils
For us each day,
Of true love kisses full a score
He gets, I'm certain, if not more,
When fond ones meet him at the door,
At twilight gray.

"One gets the slippers for his feet,
Another leads him to his chair—
The big armchair—
And while the children round him sing
And make the dear old rafters ring,
One little daughter crowns him king
With blossoms fair.

"Ah, sir, we are not rich or great,
The owners of a vast estate,"
The mother said;
"But we have better far than gold,
Contentment and a little fold
As full of love as it can hold,
With daily bread."

Rust on Cotton.

To the Editor of the Observer:

To the average cotton planter there is nothing more shocking than the appearance of rust on his cotton. Indeed there is no pest equal to it. Reading the "Southern Cultivator" the other day I was very "much struck" with a letter of inquiry I saw in that journal, which begins in these words:

"Dr. Pendleton says that exhaustion causes the rust on cotton, and your vet eran associate, Dr. Lee, laughs at that. He says fungi causes it. The Professor at our State college says not fungi but a multitude of mites do the mischief." The contradiction witnessed in the above statement, is easily traced to a misunderstanding of assumed facts. Dr. Lee does not say that fungi cause rust on cotton, but that rust on fungi cause rust on cotton, that rust on cotton is a fungus, a living plant that has in the economy of nature, both parents and offspring. The learned Professor of a State college, the intelligent correspondent of the Cultivator and its editor; overlook this pregnant fact in treating of rust on cotton. One talks about "mites," another tells of cotton exempt from rust on "fresh land" and in "fence rows," while still another regards potash as the lacking element in soils most subject to rust.

Not one of these three gentlemen appear to regard rust as a parasite, whose life is as independent of that of cotton, wheat and other hosts on which it feeds and fattens, as it is of any known place for spending the winter and early spring months. Rust has been known as a living parasite on wheat and cotton for more than one hundred years. Stacks of straw may carry a cereal parasite through the winter, but how does the seed of cotton rust hybernate? Not in cotton seed, as smut on wheat passes months and years with its host. The germs of smut lie torpid from five months to a year according to the climate; planted with a seed of fall or winter wheat, and then awaken into life and activity, and move at once from the buried seed up and up the tall culm to the new head and new seed forming, and seize every particle of sugar, gum, starch and gluten designed for wheat, to make a stinking mass of poisonous smut. Smut and rust are very nearly related. Horned rye has killed thousands who eat rye bread in the north of Europe, and it is about time to make a white man's war of extermination agaist these hurtful parasites.

Seed wheat washed in strong brine or bluestone water has all germs of smut killed; and if all wheat growers would practice this system, this hurtful parasite would probably be exterminated from our wheat growing land. From the cradle to the grave, human life is a battle for existence with parasitic plants and animals. Babes are hardly born before they are filled with worms; pigs, lambs, calves and colts fare no better. Cats and mice, dogs and rabbits are full of parasites. so are all fish, birds and insects. Everywhere it is life against life, and it is madness to deny the truth of this vital matter. In destroying hotbeds for multiplying the germs of malarial fevers in and near the large cities, ponds and pools of water adapted to breeding mosquitoes have disappeared, and two or more parasites, the blood sucking fly and pestilent fevers have left perhaps forever."

Then the question arises, that, if "seed wheat washed in strong brine or bluestone water has all of the germs of smut killed," what is needed with which to wash cotton in, to kill the germs of rust in cotton?

I would be glad to hear some one who has successfully baffled with rust on cotton, advance some ideas as to the best remedy for annihilation.

TILLER OF THE SOIL.

Aversion to Manual Labor.

The practice of educating boys for the professions, which are already overstocked, or for the mercantile business, in which statistics show that ninety-five in a hundred fail of success, is fearfully on the increase in this country. Americans are annually becoming more and more averse to manual labor, and to get a living by one's wits, even at the cost of independence and self-respect, and a fearful wear and tear of conscience, is the ambition of a large proportion of our young men. The result is that the mechanical professions are becoming a monopoly of foreigners, and the ownership of the finest farms, even in New England, is passing from Americans to Irishmen and Germans. Fifty years ago, a father was not ashamed to put his children to the plow or to a mechanical trade, but now they are "too feeble" for bodily labor. It seems never to occur to their foolish parents that moderate manual labor, in the pure and bracing air of the country, is just what these lads needs, and that to send them to the unhealthy and crowded city is to send them to their graves. Let them follow the plow, swing the sledge, or shove the fore plane, and their nerves will be invigorated with their muscles, and when they shall have cast off their jackets, instead of being thin, pale, vapid coxcombs, they shall have spread out to the size and configuration of men. A lawyer's office, a counting room, or a grocery is about the last place a sickly youth should be sent.

"Things are Seldom What They Seem."

While the above is, in the main, true, still there is an exception to the general rule, as is the case in many instances. We refer to Dr. Pierce's Pellets, which are not only all them seem, but more. In torpid liver, indigestion, sluggishness of the bowels, biliousness, and headache, the relief afforded by their use is wonderful.

MEMORIAL DAY IN FAYETTEVILLE.

Pee Dee Alliance of Bennettsville, S. C.

Friday, the 10th of May, was looked forward to by our military boys, and Bennettsville generally, as an occasion of interest and unalloyed pleasure, for it was then, that we expected to accept the generous invitation of our sister town, Fayetteville, and assist her noble, patriotic citizens in honoring her mouldering heroes, who sacrificed their precious lives, while enlisted in the defence of the Grand, Sunny Land of Dixie.

Thursday afternoon, the Gordon Rifles, in full-dress uniform, with fixed bayonets, marched to the depot, and met the regular mail train, in order to receive Capt. J. C. Huske, of the Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry, who came down as a special escort for our Company. Capt. McLaurin met Capt. Huske, and introduced him to the Gordon Rifles, and after three cheers for Capt. Huske, the Company returned to the armory.

The special train arrived soon after the mail. Early Friday morning, men women and children, could be seen wending their way towards the depot—the railroad company had provided five coaches for the excursionists.

At 7:30, the long train, laden with gleeful human freight, pulled out from the depot. At every station crowds of people poured into the rapidly filling train. There were thirty-four of the Gordon Rifles in Ranks.

At. Maxton, that fine-looking Military Company, "The Maxton Guards," boarded the train; at Lumberbridge another crowd with the "Lumber Bridge Rifles," swelled our already large crowd.

At 10:30 we arrived at Fayetteville, a tremendous crowd were in waiting. The visiting military were received by the F. I. L. I. The military formed by battalion, with the Fayetteville company on the right, Gordon Rifles next, Maxton Guards and Lumber Bridge Rifles next. The military marched to the armory where they were highly entertained, by an admirable address of welcome, by Maj. Campbell, which was enthusiastically responded to by Capt. McLaurin; after which, the military disbanded until 3:30, p. m. Gallons of nice cold lemonade, and hundreds of elegant cigars, were lavishly furnished by the F. I. L. I.

Some of the visitors "took in the town" while others attended the Pearson meeting.

The Cumberland Lodge of Knights of Pythias, handsomely entertained the members of CALANTHE, of our town—everything in the shape of cool drinks and good things to eat were furnished in great abundance.

In the afternoon free carriages were furnished to convey visitors to the cemetery. The military in the above mentioned order, marched to the cemetary, by fours, where Capt. Pou delivered the oration of the occasion; after which there salutes were fired by the battalion.

The Armory, Knights of Pythias Hall and Confederate Monument, were handsomely and appropriately decorated with floral offerings, which had been provided by the lovely women of Fayetteville. We regret that our space will not allow us to elaborate on the hospitalities and elegant reception which the good people of Fayetteville gave us. We expect to have the Fayetteville military and Cumberland Knights of Pythias to visit our town, in the near future. Everyone is loud in their praise of Fayetteville. The boys from Bennettsville behaved admirably—we are proud of our Captain and our fine Millitary Company. Long live noble old Fayetteville!

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

Charlote Journal June 20, 1842.

In the first place, take a quart of Rum of the best quality, and a quart of new clean tar, putting the mixture in a stone jug that will contain double the quantity, that it may have room to boil without bursting, then cork the jug completely tight, so that the air cannot pass in or out; then place this vessel in a pot of water and boil briskly for one hour and it will be completely mixed; you may swing the jug in the pot so as to keep it upright. Then let the patient take a table spoonful in the morning and at night before going to bed; if the patient be very low, take a teaspoon full three times a day; and as they gain strength take a little more, till they can bear a tablespoonfull twice a day, say night and morning. If this does not effect a cure, make the same quantity as before, and that will be sufficient. The patient should not drink any kind of spirits whatever, and should be particular in his diet, avoiding all kinds of gross heavy food, such as salt bacon and the like; also sweet milk; also avoid getting wet; take very moderate exercise; live on very light diet, such as rice; soup of fowls, &c.; carefully avoid drinking heavy draughts of cold water, drink as little as possible.

The said Robert Blackwood has proved by experience that this remedy has cured several persons who were entirely given out by all the doctors in this section. I will mention the case of Mrs. Thompson, near Chapel Hill. She was at the point of death, unable to support herself in her bed, who is now in as good health as she ever was. Also Mrs. Hatch, still a near neighbor, who was very low with consumption, and is now in perfect health. In the case of Mr. Thompson's wife, Dr. Yancey considered her incurable and pronounced her lost. I feel confident that by close application that it will cure perhaps ninety-nine in a hundred.

☞ Mr. Blackwood thus offers the receipt to all who may be disposed to make a trial of it; and if it should effect a cure, as he has no doubt it will, he only asks in such case such compensation as their sense of justice may dictate.

Papers throughout the United States will render great service to those who are afflicted with this disease, by giving this publication. ROBERT BLACKWOOD.

March 16, 1842.

Character at Home.

Home life is the sure test of character. Let a husband be cross or surley, and the wife grows cold and unamiable. The children grow up saucy and savage as young bears. The father becomes callous, peevish, hard, a kind of two-legged brute with clothes on. The wife bristles in self-defiance. They develope an unnatural growth and sharpness of teeth, and the house is haunted by ugliness and domestic brawls. This is not what the family circle should be. If one must be rude to any, let it be to someone he does not love—not to his wife, brother or parent? Let one of the loved ones be taken away and memory recalls a thousand sayings to regret. Death quickens recollection painfully. The coffin and green ground are cruel magnets. They draw us farther than we would go. They force us to remember. A man never sees so far into human life as when he looks over a wife's or mother's grave. His eyes get woundrous clear then, and he sees as never before, what it is to love and be loved; what it is to injure the feelings of the loved. It is a pitable picture of human weakness when those we love best are treated worst.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

"H. H. H."

—A CAR LOAD OF—

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

JUST RECEIVED.

WE SHALL BE PLEASED TO HAVE YOU CALL AND GET PRICES.

ANOTHER BARGAIN.

We have the following lot of nails on hand which will beat any prices you can get at the factory:

3 kegs 2d Nails at $3.00 per keg—worth $4.00
16 kegs 16d Brad Head Nails (almost same as 12d) at $2.00 per keg.
2 kegs 20d Brad Head at $2.00.
7 kegs 50d Brad Head at $2.00.
8 kegs 60d Brad Head at $2.00.
4 kegs 7 inch Brad Head at $2.25.
1 keg 8d Drawing (a heavy 8d) at $2.00.
10 kegs 6d Slate Nails at $2.00.
2 kegs 16d Fence Nails at $2.00.
5 kegs 16d Floor Nails at $2.00.
5 kegs 7d Floor Nails at $2.75 will answer for 8d.
20 kegs 6d Floor Nails at $2.50.

This offer only good for two weeks. If you do not believe the prices are low take New York quotations and add according to schedule for different sizes and see for yourselves how very cheap they are, and the quality is all right.

This is from a purchase of about 350 kegs which we bought at a bargain. "A dollar saved is a dollar made."

HOES—HANDLED. HOES—EYE.
HOES—GRUBBING.
At
B. R. HUSKE & CO.'S.
March 28, 1889.

FOR SALE!

"Improved Long Silky Staple Cotton eed."

This Cotton will sell for $12.00 to $15.00 more than our best Cotton, per bale. Have only a limited supply, at the low price of $1.00 per bushel.
W. J. McDONALD, Jr.,
North-West Corner Market Square.
April 4, 1889. tf

NORTH CAROLINA, CUMBERLAND COUNTY,
In the Superior Court.
B. W. Townsend vs. G. H. Hall, A. B. Pearsall.
ATTACHMENT.

The purpose of this action is to recover the sum of three hundred dollars due the plaintiff by the defeedants upon their acceptance duly given.

The defendant, G. H. Hall, being a non-resident, is hereby notified to appear and answer or demur to the complaint of the plaintiff at a term of the Superior Court for said County, to be held in the Court House of said County, in the town of Fayetteville, N. C., on the 6th Monday before the first Monday in September, 1889, or judgment *pro confesso* will be rendered against him.

Witness, Chas. G. Cain, Clerk of said Court this 7th day of May, 1889.
CHAS. G. CAIN, Clerk.
May 16, 1889. 6w

NOTICE.

NORTH CARORINA, } In the Superior Court,
CUMBERLNND COUNTY. } 1889.
Sarah Sinclair, Hays Jones and others, to the Court ex parte.
Summons for Publication.

This is an action to sell real estate for the purpose of making real estate assets to pay the debts due by the estate and for division among the heirs at law of Isham Jones, deceased.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Quincy B. Sutton, is a non-resident of North Carolina, and after due diligence cannot be found in said State, and is a necessary party to this action, notice is hereby given to the said defendant, Quincy B. Sutton, to appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, in Fayetteville, N. C., at the Court House, on the 15th day of June, 1889, and answer the petition of the heirs there on file, when and where the said petition will be heard, and unless cause to the contrary be shown the relief as therein prayed for will be granted.

Witness, Chas. G. Cain, Clerk of said Court, at office in Fayetteville, this 30th day of April, 1889.
C. G. CAIN, C. S. C.
THOMAS H. SUTTON, Attorney.
May 2, 1889. 6w

SIX HUNDRED ACRES OF VALUABLE PINE LAND FOR SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, made on May 8th, 1889, and approved by His Honor Judge Gilmer, in a special proceeding entitled W. H. G. Beatty, Guardian of John B. Murphy ex parte, the undersigned, commissioners appointed by said Court, will expose to sale at public auction six hundred acres of well timbered pine land (a part of the late David Murphy's land), lying on the north side of Rockfish creek in Cumberland county. Said tract begins about one mile below McNeill's bridge on Pugh's line, extends thence up Big Rockfish and is bounded by the lands of Carver, Guiton, Mrs. J. G. B. Murphy and others. This tract of land lies within a short distance of the new Hope Mills Cotton Factory (No. 2), and within a mile or so of the C. F. & Y. V. RY. For a particular description see the petition filed in the above mentioned proceeding, also report of R. W. Hardie and others, Commissioners, which is recorded in Register's office of Cumberland County.

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.
Time of sale: Tuesday, June 11th, 1889.
Terms cash: To be paid upon the confirmation of the sale.
H. L. COOK,
H. McD. ROBINSON,
May 9, 1889. ts) Commissioners.

CALL
AND HAVE YOUR PICTURE TAKEN AT
J. T. WINBURN'S,
PHOTOGRAPHIST,
PERSON STREET,
OVER A. E. RANKIN & CO.
Sept 27, 1888 tf

MAXTON HOTEL,
MAXTON, N. C.

Having recently been repaired and refurnished, the patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited.
Terms reasonable.
W. G. HALL, Proprietor.
March 14, 1889. 1y



NEW HOTEL LAFAYETTE,

Fayetteville, North Carolina.
T. A. BARKER, - - - MANAGER.
The Manager of the Fashionable Campello Island Hotels.

AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL.
An Especially Delightful Climate During the Spring Months,
With the Most Remarkable Health and Longevity Record of any Place in this Country.
Jan'y 17, 1889. tf

A. E. RANKIN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Are Acknowledged LEADERS in Their Line!
They buy in CAR LOAD Lots, from first hands, for Spot Cash, thereby getting the very lowest rates of freight and every possible discount.
A CAR LOAD RED RUST-PROOF OATS,
A CAR LOAD WESTERN MIXED OATS,
A CAR LOAD SHIP STUFF,
A CAR LOAD Rock Lime,
Flour a Specialty.
WE SELL THE FOLLOWING STANDARD BRANDS OF FERTILIZERS:
Gibbs & Co's, High-grade Ammoniated Phosphate, Farmers' Friend Guano, Stonewall Guano, Royster's High-grade Acid Phosphate, Long's Prepared Chemicals and Kainit. This is the first year of the Stonewall brand. Try it.
Our Stock of Farming Implements Is complete.
Our Light-weight "Boss" Plow is the popular Plow. We have also "No. 4 Boss," "Daisy," "Watt," "No. 2," "Gem," "Stonewall," "Carolina;" all kinds of Castings.
Old Hickory Wagons and Carts.
DAWLOW & COX COTTON PLANTERS.
☞ Come or send for prices.

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT 196 C. A. GAMBRILL Mfg. Co. BALTIMORE.

—THE—
PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.
PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.
ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.
OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS
Are Manufactured from the CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE for which Baltimore as a market stands pre-eminent.
Their superiority for UNIFORMITY, STRENGTH and UNAPPROACHABLE FLAVOR has long been acknowledged.
The Patapsco Superlative Patent
STANDS UNRIVALLED. Of a RICH, CREAMY COLOR, it makes a bread that will SUIT THE MOST FASTIDIOUS.
☞ Ask your grocer for
PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT, ORANGE GROVE EXTRA,
BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.
C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.
Represented by Mr. B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.
aug 30 tf

WORTH & WORTH,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
The only direct IMPORTERS OF PURE CUBA MOLASSES in North Carolina, offer to prompt paying buyers,
1,000 Hhds. and Bbls. New Crop Cuba Molasses.
50 Puncheons Porto Rico Molasses.
150 Bags Coffee.
100 Bbls Sugar, Granulated, White and Yellow.
1,000 Bbls. Flour, Choice Grades and Fresh.
1,000 Bbls. Lime, Cement and Plaster.
500 Bales Hay.
2,000 Bush. Corn and Oats.
1,000 Pkgs Soap, Lye, Snuff, Tobacco, Cheese, Candy, Crackers, &c., &c.
ORDERS and INQUIRIES SOLICITED.
March 21, 1889. 0t

D. R. HUFFINES & CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
Fayetteville Steam Bottling Works,
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
Ginger Ale, Soda Water
—AND—
Sarsaparilla
of a superior quality from the best extracts.
Also Agents for Finest Lager Beer
in kegs, export or patent bottles.
All orders promptly filled.
Call on or address
D. R. HUFFINES & CO.,
Feb'y 14, 1889. Fayetteville, N. C. tf

WANTED,
At once, a GOOD COOK for a small family, apply at OBSERVER OFFICE,
Fayetteville, N. C.
April 11, 1889. tf

Pomona Hill Nurseries,
POMONA, N. C.,
Two and a half miles west of Greensboro.
The main line of the Richmond & Danville Railroad passes through the grounds and within 100 feet of the office. Salem trains make regular stops twice daily each way. Those interested in
Fruit and Fruit Growing
are cordially invited to inspect this the largest Nursery in the State, and one of the largest in the South. Stock consists of
APPLES, PEACH, PEAR, CHERRY,
PLUMS JAPANESE PERSIMMONS
APRICOTS, NECTARINES, MULBERRIES,
QUINCE, GRAPES, FIGS, RASPBERRIES,
GOOSEBERRIES, CURRANTS,
PIE PLANT, ENGLISH WALNUT,
PECANS, CHESTNUTS, STRAWBERRIES,
ROSES, EVERGREENS,
SHADE TREES, &c.
All the new and rare varieties as well as the old ones, which my new Catalogue for 1889 will show. Give your order to my authorized agent or order direct from the Nursery. Correspondence solicited. Descriptive Catalogue free to applicants. Address
J. VAN LINDLEY,
Pomona, Guilford Co., N. C.
Reliable Salesman wanted in every county. A good paying commission will be given.
March 21, 1889. 1y

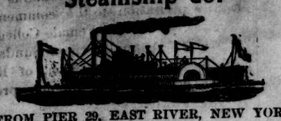
NOTICE OF ADMINISTRATION.

The undersigned having qualified as Administratrix of W. J. McDonald, Sr., dec'd, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment of the same, and all persons having claims against said estate are notified by this publication to exhibit the same on or before the 2nd day of May, 1890, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. Payments may be made to or claims filed with W. J. McDonald, Jr.
AMANDA J. McDONALD, Adm'x.
May 2, 1889. 6w

For Rent.
The store at present occupied by Capt. W. J. Tolar, size 24x80 feet, two stories; warehouse attached. Possession given at any time. Apply to McMILLAN BROS.
March 7, 1889. tf

ADVERTISEMENTS.

New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.



FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK
Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.,
At 3 o'clock P. M.

GULF STREAM	Wednesday,	March 27
BENEFACTOR	Saturday,	March 30
PIONEER	Wednesday,	April 3
GULF STREAM	Saturday,	April 6

FROM WILMINGTON.

PIONEER	Thursday,	March 28
GULF STREAM	Tuesday,	April 2
BENEFACTOR	Friday,	April 5
PIONEER	Tuesday,	April 9

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.
For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manager, New York.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
March 28 1889 tf 35 Broadway, New York.

S. H. BUCHANAN,
Private Banker,
JONESBORO, N. C.
BUYS AND SELLS EXCHANGE, DISCOUNTS PAPER, RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, MAKES COLLECTIONS OF DRAFTS AND NOTES, LOANS MONEY, AND DOES A
General Banking Business.
March 21, 1889. 1y

W. R. WICKER,
—DEALER IN—
Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
NORTH-EAST MARKET SQUARE.
Orders solicited, promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Aug. 16, tf

Livery, Sales, Feed & Exchange Stables.
I have just opened my NEW LIVERY STABLES with nice Teams and Stylish Buggies, and am prepared to accommodate the general public. I have some fine Stock for sale.
Mr. Alexander Bowles is with me and is one of the best and most reliable hostlers in the State.
Customers may rest assured that their Horses will be fed and curried well if they stop with me.
JOHN LAMBETH.
Nov. 15, 6m

WALTER WATSON
—IS—
HEADQUARTERS
—FOR—



Engine and Saw Mill Supplies,
Rubber Belting,
Leather Belting,
Lacing and Belt Fastenings
Of all kinds, at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES
ESTIMATES AND CORRECT MEASUREMENTS
Given for
Machinery and Machinery Supplies.
☞ Write for prices.
WALTER WATSON.
oct 13 tf

FIRE INSURANCE.
The ÆTNA is one of the strongest companies in the world, having a capital of 4,000,000.
Her dealings are unquestionable.
She has paid out in Chicago alone $3,800,000 in losses.
Place your risks in strong companies.
B. R. HUSKE, Agent.
March 7, 1889.

The Alliance to the Front!
THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER, bold, vigilant, aggressive and progressive. It has opinions and expresses them. Forty eight columns, eight pages. All *Home Print*. Official organ of North Carolina and Virginia State Alliances. The *Latest* paper in the South! Goes to nearly 1200 postoffices in North Carolina and to 23 States. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, *Strictly Cash*. Send for sample copy. Address,
THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. L. POLK, Editor,
D. H. BROWDER Business Manager.
March 28, 1889. tf

To Builders and Others.
Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Plained Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.
ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS HARDWARE.
Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad
Address WALTER WATSON,
apl 7-tf Fayetteville, N. C.

E. A. POE,
Manufacturer of BRICK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
☞ Remember, I make the best Brick made in the State. apl 21 tf

CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY R'Y CO.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE NO. 10.

Taking effect 3.45 A. M., Monday, May 6, 1889.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Fright & Accom'd'n.
Leave Bennettsville,	4:35 a. m.	5:15 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	5:35 a. m.	7:15 a. m
Leave Maxton,	5:45 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	7:35 a. m.	11:40 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	8:00 a. m.	9:35 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	10:00 a. m.	1:57 p. m
Leave Sanford,	10:20a. m.	2:50 p. m
Arrive Greensboro,	1:45 p. m.	8:00 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	2:05 p. m.	8:05 a. m.
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6:00 p. m.	11:30 p. m.

Passenger and Mail North bound breakfast at Fayetteville and dinner at Greensboro.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

	Passenger and Mail.	Fright & Accom'd'n.
Leave Mt. Airy,	3:45 a. m.	12:30 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	7:45 a. m.	7:15 p. m.
Leave Greensboro,	9:55 a. m.	7:20 a. m.
Arrive Sanford,	1:10 p. m.	2:00 p. m.
Leave Sanford,	1:30 p. m.	2:50 p. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	3:30 p. m.	6:05 p. m.
Leave Fayetteville,	3:45 p. m.	7:40 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	5:40 p. m.	11:45 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	5:50 p m	12:15 p. m.
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:00 p. m.	2:25 p. m.

Passenger and Mail South bound breakfast at Greensboro and dinner at Sanford.

Factory and Madison Branches—Freight and Accommodation.

TRAINS MOVING NORTH.

Leave Millboro	7:45 a. m.
Arrive Greensboro	9:20 a. m
Leave Greensboro	10:10 a. m.
Arrive Madison	12:30 p. m.

TRAINS MOVING SOUTH.

Leave Madison	1:45 p. m
Arrive Greensboro	4:15 p. m.
Leave Greensboro	4:45 p. m
Arrive Millboro	6:30 p. m.

Passenger and Mail Trains run daily except Sunday.
Freight and Accomodation Train runs from Bennettsville to Fayetteville Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; Freight and Accommodation Train runs from Fayetteville to Bennettsville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; from Fayetteville to Greensboro on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and from Greensboro to Fayetteville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; between Greensboro and Mt. Airy on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Trains on Factory and Madison Branches run daily except Sundays.
W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Superintendent.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES.
Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Dated Sep. 16, 1888.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 27, Daily.
Leave Weldon	2 05 P. M.	5 43 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	3 17 "	
Arrive Tarboro	*4 50 P. M.	
Leave Tarboro	10 50 P. M.	
Arrive Wilson	3 50 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Leave Wilson	*4 10 "	
Arrive Selma	5 19 "	
Arrive Fayetteville	7 45 "	
Leave Goldsboro	4 40 "	7 40 "
Leave Warsaw	5 50 "	
Leave Magnolia	6 05 "	8 40 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington	7 40 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78, Daily.	No. 14, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	9 00 A. M.	12 05 A. M.
Leave Magnolia	10 35 "	1 24 "
Leave Warsaw	10 50 "	
Arrive Goldsboro	11 40 "	2 25 A. M.
Leave Fayetteville	*8 00 A. M.	
Arrive Selma	10 23 "	
Arrive Wilson	11 59 "	
Leave Wilson	12 42 P. M.	3 02 A. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 20 "	
Arrive Tarboro	*4 50 "	
Leave Tarboro	10 50 A. M.	
Arrive Weldon	2 40 P. M.	4 30 A. M

*Daily except Sunday.
J. R. KENLY, Sup't Trans
JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't
T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

NOTICE.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In Superior Court.
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.
W. N. Williams, Trustee, and J. D. Williams vs. Mrs. Elizabeth Walker and A. B. Walker her husband.
Notice of Lis Pendens.

The object of the above action is to subject the lands of the defendants to the payment of certain indebtedness created by them in favor of the plaintiffs and secured by two certain deeds or trust recorded in Book A, No. 3, Pages 584 and 654 in Register's office of Cumberland County, said lands being particularly described therein, as well as in the complaint of the Plaintiffs which is now on file in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County where said action is now pending.

The dates of the mortgages (or deeds of trust herein referred to are December 27th, 1878, and March 10th, 1879, and they were recorded respectively on January 13th and March 11th, 1879.

The relief prayed for by the plaintiffs in this action is that the lands described in said deeds of trust be sold and the proceeds thereof applied to the satisfaction of the debts therein secured.

W. N WILLIAMS, Trustee.
and J. D. WILLIAMS, Plaintiffs.

This notice filed and publication of the same in the FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER ordered April 9th, 1889.
CHAS. G. CAIN, Clerk
Superior Court Cumberland County.
April 11, 1889. 6w

Land Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage executed on the 5th day of February, 1885, by Perry Godwin to John R. Lane, and duly proved and recorded in Cumberland County Registry in Book B, No. 4, page 496, I will expose to public sale at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., for cash, a tract of land containing 1780 acres, in 71st Township, Cumberland County, N. C., adjoining the lands of J. D. Gaddie and others, on the waters of Mill Creek, known as the Page land—more particularly described in said Mortgage Deed.

Time of sale, Saturday, 25th May, 1889, at 12 o'clock M.
JOHN R. LANE, Mortgagee.
R. P. BUXTON, Att'y.
Fayetteville, N. C., May 2, 1889. ts



FROM THE CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.
Mr. A. E. Hawkes has gained a national reputation as a practical optician, and his celebrated spectacles and spring eye-glasses are known throughout the United States. We are writing this article with a pair of his new crystalized lenses, and they seem to us as transparent as light itself; and with them the finest print is as clear as in youth.—*Editor Christian Advocate.*
ALL EYES FITTED
And Fit Guaranteed at the Drug Stote of
B. E. SEDBERRY, Fayetteville, N. C.
Dec 20 1y